CENTURY II HERITAGE SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE PROSPECTUS

FLEXIBLE PREMIUM SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE CONTRACT

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT OF

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Street Address: 3520 Broadway Kansas City, Missouri 64111-2565 Telephone (816) 753-7000 Send correspondence to: Variable Administration P.O. Box 219364 Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9364 Telephone (800) 616-3670

This Prospectus describes a flexible premium survivorship variable universal life insurance contract ("Contract") offered by Kansas City Life Insurance Company ("Kansas City Life"). We have provided a definitions section at the end of this Prospectus for your reference as you read.

The Contract is designed to provide insurance protection upon the death of the second of the two Insureds named in the Contract. The Contract also provides you the opportunity to allocate net Premiums and Contract Value to one or more Subaccounts of the Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account ("Variable Account") or to the Fixed Account. The assets of each Subaccount are invested in a corresponding portfolio of a designated mutual fund ("Fund") as follows:

AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds)

Invesco V.I. American Franchise Fund – Series I Shares

Invesco V.I. Core Equity Fund – Series I Shares

Invesco V.I. Technology Fund – Series I Shares

American Century Variable Portfolios, Inc.

VP Capital Appreciation Fund – Class I

VP Disciplined Core Value Fund – Class I (formerly VP Income & Growth Fund – Class I)

VP International Fund – Class I

VP Mid Cap Value Fund - Class I

VP Ultra® Fund – Class I

VP Value Fund - Class I

American Century Variable Portfolios II, Inc.

VP Inflation Protection Fund – Class II

American Funds Insurance Series®

Asset Allocation Fund – Class 2 Shares

Capital Income Builder® – Class 2 Shares

Capital World Bond Fund[®] – Class 2 Shares

Global Growth Fund – Class 2 Shares

Growth-Income Fund – Class 2 Shares

New World Fund® - Class 2 Shares

American Funds Insurance Series[®] Managed Risk Funds

Managed Risk Asset Allocation Fund – Class P2 Shares

Managed Risk Washington Mutual Investors FundSM – Class P2 Shares (formerly Managed Risk Blue Chip Income and Growth Fund – Class P2 Shares)

Managed Risk Growth Fund – Class P2 Shares

Managed Risk Growth-Income Fund – Class P2 Shares

Managed Risk International Fund – Class P2 Shares

BNY Mellon Variable Investment Fund

Appreciation Portfolio – Initial Shares

Opportunistic Small Cap Portfolio – Initial Shares

BNY Mellon Stock Index Fund, Inc. – Initial Shares

BNY Mellon Sustainable U.S. Equity Portfolio, Inc. – Initial Shares

Calamos® Advisors Trust

Calamos Growth and Income Portfolio

Columbia Funds Variable Series Trust II

Columbia Variable Portfolio – Mid Cap Growth Fund (Class 2)

Columbia Variable Portfolio – Seligman Global Technology Fund (Class 2)

Columbia Variable Portfolio – Select Small Cap Value Fund (Class 2)

Federated Hermes Insurance Series

Federated Hermes Managed Volatility Fund II – P

Federated Hermes High Income Bond Fund II - P

Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II - S

Fidelity® Variable Insurance Products

VIP ContrafundSM Portfolio – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom Income PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2010 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2015 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2020 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2025 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2030 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2035 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2040 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2045 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

VIP Freedom 2050 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2

Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust

Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund – Class 2

Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund – Class 2

Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund – Class 2

Templeton Foreign VIP Fund - Class 2

JPMorgan Insurance Trust

JPMorgan Insurance Trust Mid Cap Value Portfolio – Class 1 Shares

JPMorgan Insurance Trust Small Cap Core Portfolio – Class 1 Shares JPMorgan Insurance Trust U.S. Equity Portfolio – Class 1 Shares

MFS® Variable Insurance Trust

MFS[®] Growth Series – Initial Class Shares

MFS® Research Series – Initial Class Shares

MFS[®] Total Return Bond Series – Initial Class Shares

MFS[®] Total Return Series – Initial Class Shares

MFS® Utilities Series – Initial Class Shares

MFS[®] Variable Insurance Trust II

MFS[®] Income Portfolio – Initial Class Shares (formerly MFS[®] Strategic Income Portfolio – Initial Class Shares)

Northern Lights Variable Trust

TOPS[®] Managed Risk Balanced ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares

TOPS[®] Managed Risk Growth ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares

TOPS[®] Managed Risk Moderate Growth ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares

The accompanying prospectuses for the Funds describe these portfolios. The value of amounts allocated to the Variable Account will vary according to the investment performance of the Portfolios of the Funds. You bear the entire investment risk of amounts allocated to the Variable Account. Another choice available for allocation of net Premiums is our Fixed Account. The Fixed Account is part of Kansas City Life's general account. It pays interest at declared rates guaranteed to equal or exceed 4%.

The Contract also offers you the flexibility to vary the amount and timing of Premiums and to change the amount of death benefit payable. This flexibility allows you to provide for your changing insurance needs under a single insurance contract.

You can select from three Coverage Options available under the Contract:

- Option A: a level death benefit;
- Option B: a death benefit that fluctuates with the value of the Contract; and
- Option L: provides a death benefit pattern that can be level for several years and then can increase at a particular time that you choose.

We also offer a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, which guarantees payment of the Specified Amount (less the Loan Balance and past due charges) upon the death of the last surviving Insured provided that you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirements.

The Contract provides for a value that you can receive by surrendering the Contract. There is no guaranteed minimum value and there may be no cash surrender value on early surrenders. If the value is insufficient to cover the charges due under the Contract, the Contract will lapse without value. It may not be advantageous to replace existing insurance. Within certain limits, you may return the Contract or exercise a no-fee transfer right.

This Prospectus and the accompanying Fund prospectuses provide important information you should have before deciding to purchase a Contract. Please keep these for future reference.

The Subaccounts and the Fixed Account are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank, nor are federally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. An investment in the Contract involves certain risks including the loss of Premium Payments (principal).

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this Prospectus is May 1, 2021.

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SUMMARY OF THE CONTRACT

The Contract is a flexible premium survivorship variable universal life insurance contract. As long as it remains in force it provides lifetime insurance protection on the death of the second of the two Insureds. You pay Premiums for insurance coverage. The Contract also provides for accumulation of net Premiums and a Cash Surrender Value if the Contract terminates. The Cash Surrender Value, if any, during the early years of the Contract is likely to be much lower than the net Premiums paid.

The death benefit may and the Contract Value will increase or decrease to reflect the investment performance of the Subaccounts to which you allocate net Premiums. There is no guaranteed minimum value. You could lose some or all of your money. However, there is a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. Under this option we guarantee that we will pay the Specified Amount (less any Loan Balance and past due charges) upon the death of the last surviving Insured (regardless of the Contract's investment performance) as long as you have met the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION") If this option is not in effect and the value is not enough to pay charges due, then the Contract will terminate without value after a Grace Period. (See "PREMIUMS TO PREVENT LAPSE") We do guarantee to keep the Contract in force during the first three years of the Contract as long as you meet certain Premium requirements. (See "GUARANTEED MONTHLY PREMIUM") If a Contract lapses while loans are outstanding, adverse tax consequences may result. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS") The Contract also permits loans and partial surrenders, within limits.

This summary describes the Contract's important benefits and risks. The sections in the Prospectus following this summary discuss the Contract's benefits and other provisions in more detail. The "Definitions" section at the end of the Prospectus defines certain words and phrases used in this Prospectus.

The Contract is not available in all states. This Prospectus does not offer the Contracts in any jurisdiction where they cannot be lawfully sold. You should rely only on the information contained in this Prospectus or that we have referred you to. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different.

We may offer other variable life insurance contracts that have different death benefits, contract features and optional programs. These contracts would also have different charges that would affect your Subaccount performance and Contract Value. To obtain more information about these other contracts, contact your registered representative.

NOTE: Because this is a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire Prospectus and the Funds' prospectuses carefully before investing.

CONTRACT BENEFITS

Death Benefits. We pay a death benefit to the Beneficiary if the Insured dies while the Contract is in force and prior to the Contract's Maturity Date. We pay the death benefit when we receive satisfactory proof at our Home Office of the Insured's death.

- Death benefits are available as lump sum or under a variety of payment options.
- The minimum initial Total Sum Insured is \$200,000, which may be made up of a combination of Specified Amount and Additional Insurance Amount. The Specified Amount must be at least \$100,000. We may allow these minimum limits to be reduced. (See "APPLYING FOR A CONTRACT")
- There are three Coverage Options available:
 - Option A-at least equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of the death of the last surviving Insured;
 - <u>Option B</u>-at least equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of the death of the last surviving Insured plus Contract Value on the date of such death; and
 - <u>Option L</u>-at least equal to the sum of the Total Sum Insured on the date of the death of the last surviving Insured and an amount equal to the Contract Value on the Contract Anniversary preceding the death of the last surviving Insured multiplied by the applicable Option L death benefit percentage less the Total Sum Insured on that Contract Anniversary. (See "COVERAGE OPTIONS")

Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option available at issue (restrictions may apply). If elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Premium requirement must be met to keep the option in effect. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION")

- There is flexibility to change the Coverage Option and Specified Amount. (See "CHANGES IN COVERAGE OPTION" for rules and limits) Changing the Coverage Option or Specified Amount may have tax consequences.
- We deduct any Loan Balance from the amount payable.

Cash Benefits

- Contract Loans. You may take loans for amounts up to the Cash Surrender Value less loan interest to the next Contract Anniversary. A 6% annual effective interest rate applies. Currently, a preferred loan is available in the 11th Contract Year. Loans reduce the amount available for allocations and transfers. Loans may have tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")
- *Full Surrender.* You may surrender your Contract at any time for its Cash Surrender Value. Surrendering the Contract may have tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")
- **Partial Surrender.** Partial surrenders generally are available provided you have enough remaining Cash Surrender Value. A partial surrender fee applies. Partial surrenders may have adverse tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")
- **Transfers.** You may transfer amounts among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, subject to certain restrictions. There is no limit on the number of transfers you can make between the Subaccounts or to the Fixed Account. The first six transfers during each Contract Year are free. After the first six transfers, we will assess a \$25 transfer processing fee. Unused free transfers do not carry over to the next Contract Year. We will deduct any transfer processing fee from the remaining Contract Value.

Tax Benefits. While guidance is limited for Survivorship Life Contracts, we intend for the Contract to satisfy the definition of life insurance under the Internal Revenue Code. Assuming the Contract satisfies the definition, the death benefit generally should be excludable from the gross income of its recipient. Similarly, you should not be deemed to be in constructive receipt of the Contract Value, and therefore should not be taxed on increases in the Contract Value, until you take out a loan or partial surrender, surrender the Contract, or we pay the maturity benefit. In addition, transfers of Contract Value among the Subaccounts and/or the Fixed Account are not taxable transactions. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")

Free Look Right to Cancel. For a limited time, you have the right to cancel your Contract and receive a refund. (See "FREE LOOK RIGHT TO CANCEL CONTRACT") During this "free-look" period, we will allocate Premiums to the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount for 30 days. (See "PREMIUM ALLOCATIONS AND CREDITING") For a limited time after requesting an increase in the Contract's amount of insurance coverage, you may cancel the increase and you may be entitled to a refund of certain charges.

Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium. We guarantee to keep the Contract in force during the first three years of the Contract and during the three years following the effective date of an increase in the Specified Amount as long as you meet a Premium requirement. (See "GUARANTEED PAYMENT PERIOD AND GUARANTEED MONTHLY PREMIUM") If the value is not enough to pay charges due, the Contract will terminate without value after a Grace Period. (See "PREMIUMS TO PREVENT LAPSE")

Supplemental Benefits. The following supplemental and/or rider benefits are available and may be added to your Contract. We will deduct monthly charges for these benefits and/or riders from your Contract Value as part of the Monthly Deduction. Each is subject to its own requirements as to eligibility and additional cost.

- Contract Split Option Rider
- Joint First to Die Term Life Insurance Rider
- Joint Survivorship Four-Year Term Life Insurance Rider

All of these riders may not be available in all states. Additional rules and limits apply to these supplemental and/or rider benefits. Please ask your registered representative for further information or contact the Home Office.

Illustrations. We may prepare for use in marketing and other materials tables to illustrate hypothetically how certain values under a Contract change with investment performance over an extended period of time. Such tables illustrate how Contract Values, Cash Surrender Values and death benefits under a Contract covering an Insured of a given Age would vary over time if Planned Premiums were paid annually and the return on the assets in each of the Funds were an assumed uniform gross annual rate(s).

Actual returns will fluctuate over time and will be both positive and negative. The actual values under the Contract could be significantly different from those shown even if actual returns averaged the rates used in the illustrations, but fluctuated over and under those averages throughout the years shown. Depending on the timing and degree of fluctuation, the actual values could be substantially less than those shown, and may, under certain circumstances, result in the lapse of the Contract unless the Owner pays more than the stated Premium.

Such illustrations show Contract Values based on both current charges and guaranteed charges.

CONTRACT RISKS

Investment Risk. If you invest your Contract Value in one or more Subaccounts, then you will be subject to the risk that investment performance will be unfavorable and that the Contract Value will decrease. In addition, we deduct Contract fees and charges from your Contract Value. There is no minimum guaranteed Contract Value. The Contract Value may decrease if the investment performance of the Subaccounts (to which Contract Value is allocated) is negative or is not sufficiently positive to cover the charges deducted under the Contract. During times of poor investment performance, these deductions will have an even greater impact on you Contract Value. You could lose everything you invest. If you allocate net Premiums to the Fixed Account, then we credit your Fixed Account Value with a declared rate of interest. You assume the risk that the rate may decrease, although it will never be lower than a guaranteed minimum annual effective rate of 4%.

Risk of Lapse. If the Contract Value is not enough to pay the Monthly Deduction when due, the Contract will terminate without value after a Grace Period. The purpose of the Grace Period is to give you the chance to pay enough Premiums to keep your Contract in force. If your Contract does lapse you must pay the required amount before the end of the Grace Period. The Grace Period is 61 days and starts when we send the notice. Since the value of amounts allocated to the Variable Account will vary according to the investment performance of the Funds, the specific amount of Premiums required to prevent termination will also vary. A lapse could result in adverse tax consequences.

Tax Risks. In order to qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes and to receive the tax treatment normally accorded life insurance contracts under Federal tax law, a Contract must satisfy certain requirements which are set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. Guidance as to how these requirements are to be applied to Contracts insuring the lives of two or more individuals is limited. Nevertheless, we believe it is reasonable to conclude that the Contract should satisfy the applicable requirements. There is necessarily some uncertainty, however, particularly if you pay the full amount of Premiums permitted under the Contract.

Depending on the total amount of Premiums you pay, the Contract may be treated as a modified endowment contract under Federal tax laws. If a Contract is treated as a modified endowment contract, then surrenders, withdrawals, and loans under the Contract will be taxable as ordinary income to the extent there are earnings in the Contract. In addition, a 10% penalty tax may be imposed on surrenders, withdrawals, and loans taken before you reach Age 59½. If the Contract is not a modified endowment contract, then distributions generally will be treated first as a return of basis or investment in the contract and then as taxable income. Moreover, loans will generally not be treated as distributions although the tax treatment of preferred loans is unclear. Finally, neither distributions nor loans from a Contract that is not a modified endowment contract to the 10% penalty tax. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")

You should consult a qualified tax adviser for assistance in all Contract-related tax matters.

Risk of Increase in Current Fees and Expenses. Certain fees and expenses are currently assessed at less than their maximum levels. We may increase these current charges in the future up to the guaranteed maximum levels. If fees and expenses are increased, you may need to increase the amount and/or frequency of Premiums to keep the Contract in force.

Surrender and Partial Surrender Risks. During the first ten Contract Years, we will deduct a surrender charge from the Contract Value if the Contract is completely surrendered or lapses. Under some circumstances, the amount of the surrender charge during the first few Contract Years could result in a Cash Surrender Value of zero.

You should purchase the Contract only if you have the financial ability to keep it in force for a substantial period of time. You should not purchase the Contract if you intend to surrender all or part of the Contract Value in the near future. We designed the Contract to meet long-term financial goals. **The Contract is not suitable as a short-term investment**. A surrender or partial surrender may have tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")

Loan Risks. A Contract loan will affect your Contract in several ways over time, whether or not it is repaid, because the investment results of the Subaccounts may be less than (or greater than) the net interest rate credited on the amount transferred to the Loan Account securing the loan.

Your Contract Value, by comparison to a Contract under which no loan has been made, will be less if the Fixed Account interest rate is less than the investment return of the applicable Subaccounts (and greater if the Fixed Account interest rate is higher than the investment return of the applicable Subaccounts).

A Contract loan increases the risk that the Contract will terminate, since a loan decreases the Cash Surrender Value.

If the death benefit becomes payable while a Contract loan is outstanding, the Loan Balance will be deducted in calculating the Death Proceeds.

A loan may have tax consequences. In addition, if you surrender the Contract or allow it to lapse while a Contract loan is outstanding, the amount of the loan, to the extent it has not previously been taxed, will be added to any amount you receive and taxed accordingly.

Risk of Frequent Transfers. We have policies and procedures that attempt to detect frequent, large, programmed, or short-term transfers among the Subaccounts that may adversely affect other Owners and persons with rights under the Contracts. We employ various means to try to detect such transfer activity, but the detection and deterrence of harmful trading activity involves judgments that are inherently subjective. Our ability to detect such transfer activity may be limited by operational and technological systems, as well as our ability to predict strategies employed by Owners to avoid such detection. Accordingly, there is no assurance that we will prevent all transfer activity that may adversely affect Owners and other persons with interests under the Contracts. In addition, we cannot guarantee that the Funds will not be harmed by transfer activity related to other insurance companies and/or retirement plans that may invest in the Funds.

PORTFOLIO RISKS

A comprehensive discussion of the risks of each Fund Portfolio may be found in each Portfolio's prospectus. Please refer to the Portfolios' prospectuses for more information.

There is no assurance that any Portfolio will achieve its stated investment objective.

FEE TABLE

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you will pay when buying, owning, and surrendering the Contract.

The first table describes transaction fees that you will pay at the time that you pay Premiums, make partial surrenders, transfer Contract account value among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, completely surrender the Contract, or the Contract lapses. If the amount of a charge depends on the personal characteristics of the Insured under the Contract, the fee table lists the minimum and maximum charges we assess under the Contract and the fees and charges of a representative Contract with an Insured having the characteristics described for that charge. These minimum, maximum and representative charges may assist you in understanding the range of possible charges, as well as the charge an Owner may typically pay, but these charges may not be representative of the amount you will actually pay under the Contract.

Transaction Fees							
Charge	When Charge is Deducted	Amount	Deducted				
Charge	ge When Charge is Deducted		Current Charge1				
Premium Expense Charges							
Premium Tax Charge	Upon receipt of each	2.25% of each	2.25% of each				
	Premium payment	Premium Payment	Premium Payment				
Sale Charge	Upon receipt of each	6.00% of each	6.00% of each				
	Premium payment	Premium Payment	Premium Payment				
Surrender Charge ²							
Minimum and Maximum Charge Charge for a 45 year-old male Preferred Non-Tobacco and a 45 year-	Upon complete surrender or lapse during the first 10 Contract Years Upon complete surrender or lapse during the first 10	\$0.00- \$50.00 per thousand of the Specified Amount at issue \$7.84 per \$1,000 of the Specified Amount	\$0.00- \$50.00 per thousand of the Specified Amount at issue \$7.84 per \$1,000 of the Specified Amount				
old female Preferred Non-Tobacco with a \$590,000 Specified Amount during the first Contract Year	Contract Years	at issue	at issue				
Partial Surrender Fee	Upon each partial surrender	The lesser of 2% of the amount surrendered or \$25	The lesser of 2% of the amount surrendered or \$25				
Transfer Processing Fee	Upon each transfer over 6 in a Contract Year	\$25 per transfer	\$25 per transfer				

¹ For each type of charge, the guaranteed charge and the current charge are shown. The guaranteed charge is the maximum amount permitted by the Contract while the current charge is the amount currently charged.

² The surrender charge is based on the Specified Amount when the Contract is issued and varies depending on the Insured's Age and sex. The surrender charge as shown in the table may not be typical of the charges you will pay. Information about the surrender charge you could pay is available from your registered representative. In Appendix A, we list the surrender charge percentages of the initial surrender charge factor.

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time that you own the Contract, not including Portfolio fees and expenses. If the amount of a charge depends on the personal characteristics of the Insured under the Contract, the fee table lists the minimum and maximum charges we assess under the Contract depending on whether the Insured had the most favorable or least favorable characteristics, respectively. The table also lists the fees and charges of a typical Contract with a Specified Amount and with an Insured having the characteristics described for that charge. These charges may not be typical of the charges you will pay.

Periodic Charges Other Than Portfolio Operating Expenses							
		Amount	Deducted				
Charge	When Charge is Deducted	Guaranteed Charge1	Current Charge1				
Cost of Insurance ³							
Minimum and Maximum Charge	On the Allocation Date and each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.00 - \$1,000 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk ⁴ annually	\$0.00 - \$358.81 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk4 annually				
Charge for a 45 year-old male Preferred Non-Tobacco and a 45 year- old female Preferred Non-Tobacco with a \$590,000 Specified Amount during the first Contract Year	On the Allocation Date and each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.01 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk4 annually	\$0.01 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk4 annually				
Monthly Expense Charge ⁵							
Monthly Charge	On the Allocation Date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$7.50	\$7.50				
Monthly Per Thousand of Specified Amount	On the Allocation Date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day for the first 10 Contract Years	\$0.35 per \$1,000 of the Specified Amount	See table below ⁶				
Mortality and Expense Risk Charge	Daily	Annual rate of 0.625% of the average daily net assets of each Subaccount you are invested in	Annual rate of 0.625% of the average daily net assets of each Subaccount you are invested in				
Net Loan Interest Charge ⁷	At the end of each Contract Year	2%	2%				
Optional Rider Charges ⁸							
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option	During the first 10 Contract Years	No Charge	No Charge				
	On each Monthly Anniversary Day after the first 10 Contract Years	\$0.03 per \$1,000 of Specified Amount	\$0.01 per \$1,000 of Specified Amount				
Contract Split Option Rider			\$0.03 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount				
Joint First to Die Term Life Insurance Rider							
Minimum and Maximum Charge	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.06 - \$83.33 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount	\$0.04 - \$56.07 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount				
Charge for a 45 year-old male Preferred Non-Tobacco and a 45 year- old female Preferred Non-Tobacco with a \$590,000 Specified Amount during the first Contract Year	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.29 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount for a male, \$0.26 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount for a female	\$0.15 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount for a male, \$0.11 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount for a female				

Periodic Charges Other Than Portfolio Operating Expenses							
Charge	Wilson Oberna is Deducted	Amount Deducted					
Charge	When Charge is Deducted	Guaranteed Charge1	Current Charge1				
Joint Survivorship Four-Year Term Life Insurance Rider							
Minimum and Maximum Charge	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.00 - \$1,000 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually	\$0.00 - \$589.59 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually				
Charge for a 45 year-old male Preferred Non-Tobacco and a 45 year- old female Preferred Non-Tobacco with a \$590,000 Specified Amount during the first Contract Year	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.10 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually	\$0.08 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually				

³ Cost of insurance charges vary based on the Insured's Age, sex, number of completed Contract Years, Total Sum Insured, risk class, and other factors. The charge generally increases as the Insureds Age. The cost of insurance charges shown in the table may not be typical of the charges you will pay. We guarantee that the cost of insurance rates will not exceed the maximum cost of insurance rates set forth in your Contract. More detailed information concerning your cost of insurance charges is available on request from our Home Office.

⁴ The net amount at risk on a Monthly Anniversary is the difference between the death benefit and the Contract Value.

⁵ The Monthly Expense Charge is the sum of the Monthly Charge and the Monthly Per Thousand of the Specified Amount Charge.

⁶ The Monthly Per Thousand of Specified Amount Charge is based on the issue age of the youngest Insured and is only assessed in Contract Years 1-10.

Cont	ract Years 1-10
Youngest Insured Issue	Monthly Per Thousand of Specified
Age	Amount
20-29	\$0.07
30-39	\$0.09
40-49	\$0.14
50-59	\$0.18
60-69	\$0.28
70+	\$0.35

⁷ The maximum guaranteed net cost of loans is 2% annually. The net cost of a loan is the difference between the rate of interest charged on any Loan Balance (6%) and the amount credited to the Loan Account (4%). Preferred loans are available beginning in the eleventh Contract Year. We credit the amount in the Loan Account securing a preferred loan with interest at an effective annual rate of 6%. Therefore, the net cost of a preferred loan is 0% per year.

⁸ Charges for most of the riders vary based on individual characteristics such as the Insureds' issue or actual Age, sex, and risk class, and may vary based on Contract year and base Total Sum Insured or net amount at risk. Charges based on actual Age may increase as the Insureds' age. The rider charges shown in the table may not be typical of the charges you will pay. Your Contract's specifications page will indicate the rider charges applicable to your Contract, and more detailed information concerning these rider charges is available on request from our Home Office.

For information concerning compensation paid in connection with the sale of the Contracts, see "SALE OF THE CONTRACTS."

The next table shows the lowest and highest total operating expenses deducted from Portfolio assets during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Expenses of the Portfolios may be higher or lower in the future. More detail concerning each Portfolio's fees and expenses is contained in the prospectus for each Portfolio.

RANGE OF PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES⁹

	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses (total of all expenses that are deducted from		
Portfolio assets, including management fees, distribution or service fees (12b-1 fees), and	0.27%	1.29% ¹⁰
other expenses-before any contractual waiver of fees and expenses)		

⁹ The portfolio expenses used to prepare this table were provided to Kansas City Life by the Fund(s) or their investment advisers. The expenses shown are those incurred for the year ended December 31, 2020. Current or future expenses may be greater or less than those shown. If required by applicable law, Kansas City Life may deduct any redemption fees imposed by the Funds.

¹⁰ The table showing the range of expenses of the Portfolios takes into account the expenses of several fund asset allocation portfolios that are "fund of funds." A "fund of funds" portfolio typically allocates its assets, within predetermined percentage ranges, among certain other fund portfolios (each such portfolio an "acquired fund.") Each "fund of funds" has its own set of operating expenses, as does each of the portfolios in which it invests. In determining the range of portfolio expenses, Kansas City Life took into account the information received from the Fund on the combined actual expenses for each of the "fund of funds" and the portfolios in which it invests. See the Fund prospectuses for more information.

The following table shows the fees and expenses charged (after contractual waiver or reimbursement) by each Portfolio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

ANNUAL PORTFOLIO 10PERATING EXPENSES¹¹

(expenses that are deducted from Portfolio assets, as a percentage of net assets of the Portfolio):

Portfolio	Management Fees	12b-1/ Service Fees	Other Expenses	Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	Annual	Contractual Fee Waiver or Expense Reimbursement	Total Portfolio Annual Operating Expenses After Reimbursement
AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds)							
Invesco V.I. American Franchise Fund – Series I Shares	0.67%	NA	0.19%	NA	0.86%	NA	NA
Invesco V.I. Core Equity Fund – Series I Shares	0.62%	NA	0.19%	NA	0.81%	NA	N/A
Invesco V.I. Technology Fund – Series I Shares	0.75%	NA	0.23%	NA	0.98%	NA	NA
American Century Variable							
Portfolios, Inc.							
VP Capital Appreciation Fund – Class I	0.99%	NA	0.01%	NA	1.00%	0.07% ¹²	0.93%
VP Disciplined Core Value Fund – Class I (formerly VP Income & Growth Fund – Class I)	0.70%	NA	0.00%	NA	0.70%	NA	NA
VP International Fund – Class I	1.35%	NA	0.01%	NA	1.36%	0.36% ¹²	1.00%
VP Mid Cap Value Fund – Class I	1.00%	NA	0.01%	NA	1.01%	0.16% ¹²	0.85%
VP Ultra [®] Fund – Class I	1.00%	NA	0.01%	NA	1.01%	0.21% ¹²	0.80%
VP Value Fund – Class I	0.98%	NA	NA	NA	0.98%	0.25% ¹²	0.73%
American Century Variable Portfolios II, Inc.							
VP Inflation Protection Fund – Class II	0.46%	0.25%	0.01%	NA	0.72%	NA	NA

	Management Fees	12b-1/ Service Fees	Other Expenses	Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	Total Portfolio Annual Operating Expenses	Contractual Fee Waiver or Expense Reimbursement	Annual Operating
American Funds Insurance Series®							
Asset Allocation Fund – Class 2 Shares	0.26%	0.25%	0.04%	NA	0.55%	NA	NA
Capital Income Builder [®] – Class 2 Shares	0.48%	0.25%	0.05%	NA	0.78%	0.25% ¹³	0.53%
Capital World Bond Fund [®] – Class 2 Shares	0.53%	0.25%	0.05%	NA	0.83%	0.10% ¹³	0.73%
Global Growth Fund – Class 2 Shares	0.51%	0.25%	0.05%	NA	0.81%	NA	NA
Growth-Income Fund – Class 2 Shares	0.26%	0.25%	0.04%	NA	0.55%	NA	NA
New World Fund [®] – Class 2 Shares	0.70%	0.25%	0.07%	NA	1.02%	0.18% ¹³	0.84%
American Funds Insurance							
Series [®] Managed Risk Funds Managed Risk Asset Allocation Fund – Class P2 Shares	0.15%	0.25%	0.26%	0.29% ¹⁴	0.95%	0.05% ¹⁵	0.90%
Managed Risk Washington Mutual Investors Fund SM – Class P2 Shares (formerly Managed Risk Blue Chip Income and Growth Fund – Class P2 Shares)	0.15%	0.25%	0.28%	0.25% ¹⁴	0.93%	0.05% ¹⁵	0.88%
Managed Risk Growth Fund – Class P2 Shares	0.15%	0.25%	0.27%	0.32%14	0.99%	0.05% ¹⁵	0.94%
Managed Risk Growth-Income Fund – Class P2 Shares	0.15%	0.25%	0.26%	0.27% ¹⁴	0.93%	0.05% ¹⁵	0.88%
Managed Risk International Fund – Class P2 Shares – Class P2 Shares	0.15%	0.25%	0.31%	0.48% ¹⁴	1.19%	0.08% ¹³	1.11%
BNY Mellon Variable							
Investment Fund Appreciation Portfolio – Initial	0.75%	NA	0.06%	NA	0.81%	NA	NA
Shares Opportunistic Small Cap Portfolio – Initial Shares	0.75%	NA	0.10%	NA	0.85%	NA	NA
BNY Mellon Stock Index Fund, Inc. – Initial Shares	0.25%	NA	0.02%	NA	0.27%	NA	NA
BNY Mellon Sustainable U.S. Equity Portfolio, Inc. – Initial Shares	0.60%	NA	0.08%	NA	0.68%	0.00%	0.68% ¹⁶
Calamos [®] Advisors Trust							
Calamos Growth and Income Portfolio	0.75%	NA	0.54%	0.00%	1.29%	NA	NA
Columbia Funds Variable Series Trust II							
Columbia Variable Portfolio – Mid Cap Growth Fund (Class 2)	0.82%	0.25%	0.06%	NA	1.13%	0.04% ¹⁷	1.09%
Columbia Variable Portfolio – Seligman Global Technology Fund (Class 2)	0.91%	0.25%	0.28%	NA	1.44%	0.20% ¹⁸	1.24%
Columbia Variable Portfolio – Select Small Cap Value Fund (Class 2)	0.87%	0.25%	0.22%	NA	1.34%	0.24% ¹⁹	1.10%

Portfolio	Management Fees	12b-1/ Service Fees	Other Expenses	Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	Total Portfolio Annual Operating Expenses	Contractual Fee Waiver or Expense Reimbursement	Total Portfolio Annual Operating Expenses After Reimbursement
Federated Hermes Insurance							
Series Federated Hermes Managed Volatility Fund II – P	0.75%	NA	0.18% ²⁰	0.03%	0.96%	NA	NA
Federated Hermes High Income Bond Fund II – P	0.60%	NA	0.24% ²¹	NA	0.84%	0.03% ²²	0.81%
Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II – S	0.20%	NA	0.52% ²³	NA	0.72%	0.09% ²⁴	0.63%
Fidelity [®] Variable Insurance							
Products VIP Contrafund SM Portfolio – Service Class 2	0.53%	0.25%	0.08%	NA	0.86%	NA	NA
VIP Freedom Income Portfolio SM – Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.39%	0.64% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2010 Portfolio SM – Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.45%	0.70% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2015 Portfolio SM – Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.49%	0.74% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2020 Portfolio SM – Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.53%	0.78% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2025 Portfolio SM – Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.56%	0.81% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2030 Portfolio SM – Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.59%	0.84% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2035 Portfolio SM - Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.65%	0.90% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2040 Portfolio SM - Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.67%	0.92% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2045 Portfolio SM - Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.67%	0.92% ²⁵	NA	NA
VIP Freedom 2050 Portfolio SM – Service Class 2	NA	0.25%	0.00%	0.67%	0.92% ²⁵	NA	NA
Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust							
Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund – Class 2 ²⁶	1.05%	0.25%	0.19%	NA	1.49%	0.24%	1.25%
Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund – Class 2 ²⁷	0.80%	0.25%	0.05%	0.01%	1.11%	0.01%	1.10%
Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund – Class 2	1.05%	0.25%	0.14%	NA	1.44%	NA	NA
Templeton Foreign VIP Fund – Class 2 ²⁷	0.81%	0.25%	0.05%	0.02%	1.13%	0.02%	1.11%
JPMorgan Insurance Trust JPMorgan Insurance Trust Mid Cap Value Portfolio – Class 1 Shares	0.65%	NA	0.12%	0.00%	0.77%	NA ²⁸	0.77% ²⁸
JPMorgan Insurance Trust Small Cap Core Portfolio – Class 1 Shares	0.65%	NA	0.19%	0.00%	0.84%	NA ²⁹	0.84% ²⁹
JPMorgan Insurance Trust U.S. Equity Portfolio – Class 1 Shares	0.55%	NA	0.21%	0.00%	0.76%	NA ³⁰	0.76% ³⁰

Portfolio	Management Fees	12b-1/ Service Fees	Other Expenses	Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	Total Portfolio Annual Operating Expenses	Contractual Fee Waiver or Expense Reimbursement	Total Portfolio Annual Operating Expenses After Reimbursement
MFS [®] Variable Insurance Trust							
MFS [®] Growth Series – Initial Class Shares	0.70%	NA	0.03%	NA	0.73%	NA	NA
MFS [®] Research Series – Initial Class Shares	0.75%	NA	0.07%	NA	0.82%	0.03% ³¹	0.79%
MFS [®] Total Return Bond Series – Initial Class Shares	0.50%	NA	0.04%	NA	0.54%	NA	NA
MFS [®] Total Return Series – Initial Class Shares	0.67%	NA	0.04%	NA	0.71%	0.10% ³²	0.61%
MFS [®] Utilities Series – Initial Class Shares	0.74%	NA	0.05%	NA	0.79%	NA	NA
MFS [®] Variable Insurance Trust							
11							
MFS [®] Income Portfolio – Initial Class Shares (formerly MFS [®] Strategic Income Portfolio – Initial Class Shares)	0.50%	NA	0.39%	NA	0.89%	0.14% ³³	0.75%
Northern Lights Variable Trust							
TOPS [®] Managed Risk Balanced ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares	0.30%	0.25%	0.10%	0.10%	0.75%	NA	NA
TOPS [®] Managed Risk Growth ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares	0.30%	0.25%	0.10%	0.09%	0.74%	NA	NA
TOPS [®] Managed Risk Moderate Growth ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares	0.30%	0.25%	0.10%	0.09%	0.74%	NA	NA

¹¹ These expenses are deducted directly from the assets of the Portfolios and therefore reduce their net asset value. The investment adviser of each Fund or the Fund provided the information, and Kansas City Life has not independently verified it. The expenses shown are those incurred for the year ended December 31, 2020. Current or future expenses may be greater or less than those shown. See the Portfolios' prospectuses for more complete information.

¹² In February 2021, the advisor agreed to extend the waivers until April 30, 2022 and cannot terminate them prior to such date without the approval of the Board of Directors. The May 1, 2021 American Century prospectuses will reference the new date.

¹³ The investment adviser is currently reimbursing a portion of the other expenses. This waiver will be in effect through at least May 1, 2022. The waiver may only be modified or terminated with the approval of the fund's board.

¹⁴ Restated to reflect current fees

¹⁵ The investment adviser is currently waiving a portion of its management fee equal to .05% of the fund's net assets. This waiver will be in effect through at least May 1, 2022. The waiver may only be modified or terminated with the approval of the fund's board.

¹⁶ The fund's investment adviser, BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc., has contractually agreed, until May 1, 2022, to waive receipt of its fees and/or assume the direct expenses of the fund so that the expenses of neither class (excluding Rule 12b-1 fees, shareholder services fees, taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, commitment fees on borrowings and extraordinary expenses) exceed .70%. On or after May 1, 2022, BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc. may terminate this expense limitation at any time.

¹⁷ Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC and certain of its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or to reimburse expenses (excluding transaction costs and certain other investment related expenses, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, and infrequent and/or unusual expenses) through April 30, 2022, unless sooner terminated at the sole discretion of the Fund's Board of Trustees. Under this agreement, the Fund's net operating expenses, subject to applicable exclusions, will not exceed the annual rates of 0.84% for Class 1, 1.09% for Class 2 and 0.965% for Class 3.

¹⁸ Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC and certain of its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or to reimburse expenses (excluding transaction costs and certain other investment related expenses, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, and infrequent and/or unusual expenses) through April 30, 2022, unless sooner terminated at the sole discretion of the Fund's Board of Trustees. Under this agreement, the Fund's net operating expenses, subject to applicable exclusions, will not exceed the annual rates of 0.99% for Class 1 and 1.24% for Class 2.

¹⁹ Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC and certain of its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or to reimburse expenses (excluding transaction costs and certain other investment related expenses, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, and infrequent and/or unusual expenses) through April 30, 2022, unless sooner terminated at the sole discretion of the Fund's Board of Trustees. Under this agreement, the Fund's net operating expenses, subject to applicable exclusions, will not exceed the annual rates of 0.85% for Class 1, 1.10% for Class 2 and 0.975% for Class 3.

²⁰ The Fund may incur or charge administrative service fees on its P class up to a maximum amount of 0.25%. No such fees are currently incurred or charged by the P class Fund. The P class of the Fund will not incur or charge such fees until such time as approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees (the "Trustees").

²¹ The Fund may incur or charge administrative service fees on its P class up to a maximum amount of 0.25%. No such fees are currently incurred or charged by the P class of the Fund. The P class of the Fund will not incur or charge such fees until such time as approved by the Board of Trustees.

²² The Adviser and certain of its affiliates, on their own initiative, have agreed to waive certain amounts of their respective fees and/or reimburse expenses. Total annual fund operating expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, interest expense, extraordinary expenses, and proxy-related expenses paid by the Fund, if any) paid by the Fund's P class (after the voluntary waivers and/or reimbursements) will not exceed 0.81% (the "Fee Limit") up to but not including the later of (the "Termination Date"): (a) May 1, 2022; or (b) the date of the Fund's next effective Prospectus. While the Adviser and its affiliates currently do not anticipate terminating or increasing these arrangements prior to the Termination Date, these arrangements may only be terminated or the Fee Limit increased prior to the Termination Date with the agreement of the Trustees.

²³ The Fund may pay Administrative Service Fees up to 0.25% of average net assets to insurance companies for providing recordkeeping, shareholder and administrative services.

²⁴ The Adviser and certain of its affiliates, on their own initiative, have agreed to waive certain amounts of their respective fees and/or reimburse expenses. Total annual fund operating expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, interest expense, extraordinary expenses, and proxy-related expenses paid by the Fund, if any) paid by the Fund's S class (after the voluntary waivers and/or reimbursements) will not exceed 0.63% (the "Fee Limit") up to but not including the later of (the "Termination Date"): (a) May 1, 2022; or (b) the date of the Fund's next effective Prospectus. While the Adviser and its affiliates currently do not anticipate terminating or increasing these arrangements prior to the Termination Date, these arrangements may only be terminated or the Fee Limit increased prior to the Termination Date with the agreement of the Trustees.

²⁵ Differs from the ratios of expenses to average net assets in the Financial Highlights section of the Prospectus because of acquired fund fees and expenses.

²⁶ The investment manager has contractually agreed to waive or assume certain expenses so that common expenses (excluding Rule 12b-1 fees, acquired fund fees and expenses, and certain non-routine expenses) do not exceed 1.00% until April 30, 2022.

²⁷ The investment manager has contractually agreed in advance to reduce its fee as a result of the Fund's investment in Franklin Templeton affiliated funds (acquired fund) for at least one year following the date of the Fund's prospectus.

²⁸ The Portfolio's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.90% of the average daily net assets of Class 1 Shares. The Portfolio may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Portfolio's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 4/30/22, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Portfolio engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Portfolio's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

²⁹ The Portfolio's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.03% of the average daily net assets of Class 1 Shares. The Portfolio may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Portfolio's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 4/30/22, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Portfolio engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Portfolio's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

³⁰ The Portfolio's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.80% of the average daily net assets of Class 1 Shares. The Portfolio may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Portfolio's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 4/30/22, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Portfolio engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Portfolio's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

³¹ Massachusetts Financial Services Company has agreed in writing to bear the fund's expenses, excluding interest, taxes, extraordinary expenses, brokerage and transaction costs, and investment-related expenses (such as interest and borrowing expenses incurred in connection with the fund's investment activity), such that "Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses" do not exceed 0.77% of the class' average daily net assets annually for Initial Class shares and 1.02% of the class' average daily net assets annually for Service Class shares. ("Other Expenses" include 0.02% of interest and/or investment-related expenses incurred in connection with the

fund's investment activity which are excluded from the expense limitation described in the prior sentence.) This written agreement will continue until modified by the fund's Board of Trustees, but such agreement will continue until at least April 30, 2022.

³² Massachusetts Financial Services Company has agreed in writing to bear the fund's expenses, excluding interest, taxes, extraordinary expenses, brokerage and transaction costs, and investment-related expenses (such as interest and borrowing expenses incurred in connection with the fund's investment activity), such that "Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses" do not exceed 0.61% of the class' average daily net assets annually for Initial Class shares and 0.86% of the class' average daily net assets annually for Service Class shares. This written agreement will continue until modified by the fund's Board of Trustees, but such agreement will continue until at least April 30, 2022.

³³ Massachusetts Financial Services Company has agreed in writing to bear the fund's expenses, excluding interest, taxes, extraordinary expenses, brokerage and transaction costs, and investment-related expenses (such as interest and borrowing expenses incurred in connection with the fund's investment activity), such that "Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses" do not exceed 0.75% of the class' average daily net assets annually for Initial Class shares and 1.00% of the class' average daily net assets annually for Service Class shares. This written agreement will continue until modified by the fund's Board of Trustees, but such agreement will continue until at least April 30, 2022.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT KANSAS CITY LIFE

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Kansas City Life Insurance Company is a stock life insurance company organized under the laws of the State of Missouri in 1895, and is located at 3520 Broadway, Kansas City, Missouri 64111-2565. Kansas City Life is currently licensed to transact life insurance business in 49 states and the District of Columbia.

FIXED ACCOUNT

The Fixed Account is not registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and is not registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Securities and Exchange Commission has not reviewed the disclosure in this Prospectus relating to the Fixed Account. Certain general provisions of the Federal securities laws relating to the accuracy and completeness of statements made in prospectuses may still apply.

You may allocate some or all of your Premiums and transfer some or all of the Variable Account Value to the Fixed Account. You may also make transfers from the Fixed Account, but restrictions may apply. (See "TRANSFER PRIVILEGE") Because of those transfer limitations, it may take you several years to transfer all your Fixed Account Contract Value to the Variable Account. You should carefully consider whether the Fixed Account meets your investment criteria. The Fixed Account is part of our general account and pays interest at declared rates guaranteed for each calendar year. We guarantee that this rate will be at least 4%.

Our general account supports our insurance and annuity obligations. Because the Fixed Account is part of our general account, we assume the risk of investment gain or loss on this amount. All assets in the general account are subject to our general liabilities from business operations.

THE VARIABLE ACCOUNT AND THE FUNDS

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

We established the Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account as a separate investment account under Missouri law on April 24, 1995. This Variable Account supports the Contracts and may be used to support other variable life insurance contracts as well as for other purposes permitted by law. The Variable Account is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") and is a "separate account" within the meaning of the federal securities laws. We have established other separate investment accounts that may also be registered with the SEC.

The Variable Account is divided into Subaccounts. The Subaccounts available under the Contracts invest in shares of Portfolios of the Funds. The Variable Account may include other Subaccounts not available under the Contracts and not otherwise discussed in this Prospectus. We own the assets in the Variable Account.

We apply income, gains and losses of a Subaccount (realized or unrealized) without regard to any other income, gains or losses of Kansas City Life or any other separate account. We cannot use Variable Account assets (reserves and other

contract liabilities) to cover liabilities arising out of any other business we conduct. We are obligated to pay all benefits provided under the Contracts.

THE FUNDS

Each of the Funds is registered with the SEC as a diversified open-end management investment company under the 1940 Act. However, the SEC does not supervise their management, investment practices or policies. Each Fund is a series fund-type mutual fund made up of the Portfolios and other series that are not available under the Contracts. The investment objectives of each of the Portfolios are described below.

The investment objectives and policies of certain Portfolios are similar to the investment objectives and policies of other mutual fund portfolios that may be managed by the same investment adviser or manager. The investment results of the Portfolios, however, may be higher or lower than the results of such other portfolios. There can be no assurance that the investment results of any of the Portfolios will be comparable to the investment results of any other portfolios, even if the other portfolio has the same investment adviser or manager.

Certain Portfolios may employ hedging strategies to provide for downside protection during a sharp decline in the equity markets. The cost of those hedging strategies could limit the upside participation by such Portfolios in rising equity markets relative to other Portfolios. Please consult your financial professional.

The American Century VP Mid Cap Value Fund Subaccount was closed to new investors beginning May 1, 2015. As of April 1, 2021, it is no longer closed and is open to new investors.

Not all Funds may be available in all states.

AIM Variable Insurance Funds (Invesco Variable Insurance Funds)

Invesco V.I. American Franchise Fund – Series I Shares (Manager: Invesco Advisers, Inc. ("Invesco")). The Fund's investment objective is to seek capital growth. The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in securities of U.S. issuers.

Invesco V.I. Core Equity Fund – Series I Shares (Manager: Invesco Advisers, Inc. ("Invesco")). The Fund's investment objective is long-term growth of capital. The portfolio management team seeks to construct a portfolio of issuers that have high or improving return on invested capital (ROIC), quality management, a strong competitive position and which are trading at attractive valuations. The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities and in derivatives and other instruments that have economic characteristics similar to such securities.

Invesco V.I. Technology Fund – Series I Shares (Manager: Invesco Advisers, Inc. ("Invesco")). The Fund's investment objective is long-term growth of capital. The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in securities of issuers engaged in technology-related industries and in derivatives and other instruments that have economic characteristics similar to such securities.

American Century Variable Portfolios, Inc.

VP Capital Appreciation Fund – Class I (Manager: American Century Investment Management, Inc.). The investment objective of American Century VP Capital Appreciation Fund is to seek capital growth.

VP Disciplined Core Value Fund – Class I (formerly VP Income & Growth Fund – Class I) (Manager: American Century Investment Management, Inc.). The investment objective of American Century VP Disciplined Core Value Fund is to seek capital growth by investing in common stocks. Income is a secondary objective.

VP International Fund – Class I (Manager: American Century Investment Management, Inc.). The investment objective of American Century VP International Fund is to seek capital growth.

VP Mid Cap Value Fund – Class I (Manager: American Century Investment Management, Inc.). The investment objective of American Century VP Mid Cap Value Fund is to seek long-term capital growth, with income as secondary objective.

VP Ultra[®] Fund – Class I (Manager: American Century Investment Management, Inc.). The investment objective of American Century VP Ultra[®] Fund is to seek long-term capital growth.

VP Value Fund – Class I (Manager: American Century Investment Management, Inc.). The investment objective of American Century VP Value Fund is to seek long-term capital growth, with income as secondary objective.

American Century Variable Portfolios II, Inc.

VP Inflation Protection Fund – Class II (Manager: American Century Investment Management, Inc.). The investment objective of American Century VP Inflation Protection Fund is to pursue long-term total return using a strategy that seeks to protect against U.S. inflation.

American Funds Insurance Series®

Asset Allocation Fund – Class 2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM). The Fund's investment objective is to provide high total return (including income and capital gains) consistent with preservation of capital over the long term.

Capital Income Builder® – Class 2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM). The Fund has two primary investment objectives. It seeks (1) to provide a level of current income that exceeds the average yield on U.S. stocks generally and (2) to provide a growing stream of income over the years. The Fund's secondary objective is to provide growth of capital.

Capital World Bond Fund® – Class 2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM). The Fund's investment objective is to provide, over the long term, a high level of total return consistent with prudent investment management. Total return comprises the income generated by the fund and the changes in the market value of the fund's investments.

Global Growth Fund – Class 2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM). The Fund's investment objective is to provide long-term growth of capital.

Growth-Income Fund – Class 2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM). The Fund's investment objectives are to achieve long-term growth of capital and income.

New World Fund[®] – Class 2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM). The Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation.

American Funds Insurance Series[®] Managed Risk Funds

Managed Risk Asset Allocation Fund – Class P2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM; Subadvisor: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Fund's investment objective is to provide high total return (including income and capital gains) consistent with preservation of capital over the long term while seeking to manage volatility and provide downside protection.

Managed Risk Washington Mutual Investors FundSM – Class P2 Shares (formerly Managed Risk Blue Chip Income and Growth Fund – Class P2 Shares) (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM; Subadvisor: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Fund's investment objectives are to produce income exceeding the average yield on U.S. stocks generally and to provide an opportunity for growth of principal consistent with sound common stock investing, in each case while seeking to manage volatility and provide downside protection.

Managed Risk Growth Fund – Class P2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM; Subadvisor: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Fund's investment objective is to provide growth of capital while seeking to manage volatility and provide downside protection.

Managed Risk Growth-Income Fund – Class P2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM; Subadvisor: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Fund's investment objectives are to achieve long-term growth of capital and income while seeking to manage volatility and provide downside protection.

Managed Risk International Fund – Class P2 Shares (Manager: Capital Research and Management CompanySM; Subadvisor: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Fund's investment objective is to provide long-term growth of capital while seeking to manage volatility and provide downside protection.

BNY Mellon Variable Investment Fund

Appreciation Portfolio – Initial Shares (Manager: BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc.; Sub-Investment Advisor: Fayez Sarofim & Co.). The Fund seeks long-term capital growth consistent with the preservation of capital. Its secondary goal is current income.

Opportunistic Small Cap Portfolio – Initial Shares (Manager: BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc.). The Fund seeks capital growth.

BNY Mellon Stock Index Fund, Inc. – Initial Shares (Manager: *BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc.*). The Fund seeks to match the total return of the S&P 500[®] Index.

BNY Mellon Sustainable U.S. Equity Portfolio, Inc. – Initial Shares (Manager: BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc.; Sub-Investment Advisor: Newton Investment Management Limited). The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation.

Calamos[®] Advisors Trust

Calamos Growth and Income Portfolio (Manager: Calamos Advisors LLC). The Calamos Growth and Income Portfolio's investment objective is high long-term total return through growth and current income.

Columbia Funds Variable Series Trust II

Columbia Variable Portfolio – Mid Cap Growth Fund (Class 2) (Manager: Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC.). The Fund's investment objective is to seek to provide shareholders with growth of capital.

Columbia Variable Portfolio – Seligman Global Technology Fund (Class 2) (Manager: Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC.). The Fund's investment objective is to seek to provide shareholders with long-term capital appreciation.

Columbia Variable Portfolio – Select Small Cap Value Fund (Class 2) (Manager: Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC.). The Fund's investment objective is to seek to provide shareholders with long-term capital growth.

Federated Hermes Insurance Series

Federated Hermes Managed Volatility Fund II – P (Manager: Federated Hermes Global Investment Management Corp.; Sub-Adviser: Federated Hermes Investment Management Company). The investment objective of the Federated Hermes Managed Volatility Fund II is to achieve high current income and moderate capital appreciation.

Federated Hermes High Income Bond Fund II – P (Manager: Federated Hermes Investment Management Company). The investment objective of the Federated Hermes High Income Bond Fund II is to seek high current income. The Fund pursues its investment objective by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of high quality, lower-rated corporate bonds (also known as "junk bonds").

Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II – S (Manager: Federated Hermes Investment Management Company). The investment objective of the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II is to provide current income consistent with stability of principal and liquidity. The Fund invests primarily in a portfolio of US Treasuries and government securities maturing in 397 days or less.

Fidelity® Variable Insurance Products

VIP Contrafund[™] Portfolio – Service Class 2 (Manager: Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR); Sub-Advisors: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC) and other investment advisers serve as sub-advisers for the fund). The investment objective of the VIP Contrafund[™] Portfolio is to seek long-term capital appreciation.

VIP Freedom Income PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom Income PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation.

VIP Freedom 2010 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2010 Portfolio is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2015 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2015 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2020 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2020 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2025 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2025 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2030 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2030 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2035 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2035 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2040 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2040 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2045 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2045 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

VIP Freedom 2050 PortfolioSM – Service Class 2 (Manager: FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC)). The investment objective of the VIP Freedom 2050 PortfolioSM is to seek high total return with a secondary objective of principal preservation as the Fund approaches its target date and beyond.

Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust

Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund – Class 2 (Manager: Franklin Templeton Institutional, LLC). The investment goal of the Franklin Global Real Estate VIP Fund is to seek high total return. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in investments of companies located anywhere in the world that operate in the real estate sector.

Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund – Class 2 (Manager: Franklin Advisers, Inc.). The investment goal of the Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth VIP Fund is to seek long-term capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in investments of small-capitalization and mid-capitalization companies.

Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund – Class 2 (Manager: Templeton Asset Management Ltd.). The investment goal of the Templeton Developing Markets VIP Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in emerging markets investments.

Templeton Foreign VIP Fund – Class 2 (Manager: Templeton Investment Counsel, LLC). The investment goal of the Templeton Foreign VIP Fund is to seek long-term capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in investments of issuers located outside the U.S., including those in emerging markets.

JPMorgan Insurance Trust

JPMorgan Insurance Trust Mid Cap Value Portfolio – Class 1 Shares (Manager: J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.). The Portfolio seeks capital appreciation with the secondary goal of achieving current income by investing primarily in equity securities. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Portfolio's Assets will be invested in equity securities of mid cap companies, including common stock and debt securities and preferred stocks both of which are convertible into common stock. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

JPMorgan Insurance Trust Small Cap Core Portfolio – Class 1 Shares (Manager: J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.). The Portfolio seeks capital growth over the long term. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

JPMorgan Insurance Trust U.S. Equity Portfolio – Class 1 Shares (Manager: J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.). The Portfolio seeks to provide high total return from a portfolio of selected equity securities. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

MFS® Variable Insurance Trust

MFS[®] Growth Series – Initial Class Shares (Manager: Massachusetts Financial Services Company). The Fund's investment objective is to seek capital appreciation.

MFS[®] Research Series – Initial Class Shares (Manager: Massachusetts Financial Services Company). The Fund's investment objective is to seek capital appreciation.

MFS[®] *Total Return Bond Series – Initial Class Shares (Manager: Massachusetts Financial Services Company).* The Fund's investment objective is to seek total return with an emphasis on current income, but also considering capital appreciation.

MFS[®] *Total Return Series – Initial Class Shares (Manager: Massachusetts Financial Services Company).* The Fund's investment objective is to seek total return.

MFS[®] Utilities Series – Initial Class Shares (Manager: Massachusetts Financial Services Company). The Fund's investment objective is to seek total return.

MFS[®] Variable Insurance Trust II

MFS[®] Income Portfolio – Initial Class Shares (formerly MFS[®] Strategic Income Portfolio – Initial Class Shares) (Manager: Massachusetts Financial Services Company). The Fund's investment objective is to seek total return with an emphasis on high current income, but also considering capital appreciation.

Northern Lights Variable Trust

TOPS® Managed Risk Balanced ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares (Manager: ValMark Advisers, Inc.; Sub-Adviser Portfolio Manager: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Portfolio seeks to provide income and capital appreciation with less volatility than the fixed income and equity markets as a whole.

TOPS[®] Managed Risk Growth ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares (Manager: ValMark Advisers, Inc.; Sub-Adviser Portfolio Manager: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Portfolio seeks capital appreciation with less volatility than the equity markets as a whole.

TOPS[®] Managed Risk Moderate Growth ETF Portfolio – Class 2 Shares (Manager: ValMark Advisers, Inc.; Sub-Adviser Portfolio Manager: Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC). The Portfolio seeks capital appreciation with less volatility than the equity markets as a whole.

There is no assurance that the Funds will achieve their stated objectives and policies.

See the current prospectus for each Fund that accompanies this Prospectus as well as the current Statement of Additional Information for each Fund. These important documents contain more detailed information regarding all aspects of the Funds. Please read the prospectuses for the Funds carefully before making any decision concerning the allocation of Premium Payments or transfers among the Subaccounts. There is no assurance that the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount will be able to maintain a stable net asset value per share. You should know that during extended periods of low interest rates, and partly as a result of insurance charges, the yields of the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount may also become extremely low and possibly negative.

We cannot guarantee that each Fund or Portfolio will always be available for the Contracts, but in the event that a Fund or Portfolio is not available, we will take reasonable steps to secure the availability of a comparable Fund. Shares of each Portfolio are purchased and redeemed at net asset value, without a sales charge.

We select the Funds offered through this Contract based on several criteria, including asset class coverage, the strength of the adviser's or sub-adviser's reputation and tenure, brand recognition, performance, and the capability and qualification of each investment firm. Another factor we may consider during the selection process is whether the Fund, its adviser, its sub-adviser(s), or an affiliate will make payments to us or our affiliates. We review the Funds periodically and may remove a Fund or limit its availability to new Premiums and/or transfers of Variable Account Value if we

determine that the Fund no longer meets one or more of the selection criteria, and/or if the Fund has not attracted significant allocations from Owners.

We do not provide any investment advice and do not recommend or endorse any particular Fund. You bear the risk of any decline in the Variable Account Value of your Contract resulting from the performance of the Funds you have chosen.

We (or our affiliates) may receive payments from a Fund's investment adviser (or its affiliates). These payments may be used for any corporate purpose, including payment of expenses that Kansas City Life and/or its affiliates incur in promoting, marketing, and administering the Contracts and, in its role as an intermediary, the Funds. Kansas City Life and its affiliates may profit from these payments. These payments may be derived, in whole or in part, from the advisory fee deducted from Fund assets. Owners, through their indirect investment in the Funds, bear the costs of these advisory fees. (See the Funds' prospectuses for more information) This compensation is not reflected in fees and expenses listed in the fee table set forth in each Fund's prospectus. The amount of this compensation is generally based upon a percentage of the assets of the Fund attributable to the Contracts and other contracts we issue. These percentages differ and some advisers (or affiliates) may pay us (or our affiliates) more than others. Currently, these percentages range from 0.10% to 0.25%.

Additionally, an investment adviser or sub-adviser of a Fund or its affiliates may provide Kansas City Life with wholesaling services that assist in the distribution of the Contracts and may pay Kansas City Life and/or certain of our affiliates amounts to participate in sales meetings. These amounts may be significant and may provide the adviser or sub-adviser (or their affiliate) with increased access to persons involved in the distribution of the Contracts.

Certain Funds have adopted a Distribution Plan under Rule 12b-1 of the 1940 Act. The Distribution Plan is described in more detail in the underlying Fund's prospectus. (See "FEE TABLE – ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES" and "SALE OF THE CONTRACTS") The payments are deducted from assets of the Funds and are paid to our distributor, Sunset Financial Services, Inc. ("Sunset Financial"). These payments decrease the Fund's investment return.

We make certain payments to Sunset Financial Services, Inc., principal underwriter for the Contracts. (See "SALE OF THE CONTRACTS")

Certain funds employ volatility management strategies. Volatility management strategies are designed to reduce the overall volatility and provide risk-adjusted returns over time. During rising markets, a volatility management strategy, however, could cause Contract Value to rise less than would have been the case had you been invested in a fund with substantially similar investment objectives, policies and strategies that does not utilize a volatility management strategy. Conversely, investing in a fund that features a volatility management strategy may be helpful in a declining market when high market volatility triggers a reduction in the fund's equity exposure, because during these periods of high volatility, the risk of losses from investing in equity securities may increase. In these instances, your Contract Value may decline less than would have been the case had you not been invested in a fund that features a volatility management strategy. The success of the volatility management strategy of a fund depends, in part, on the investment adviser's ability to effectively and efficiently implement its risk forecasts and to manage the strategy for the fund's benefit. In addition, the cost of implementing a volatility management strategy may negatively impact performance. There is no guarantee that a volatility management strategy can achieve or maintain the fund's optimal risk targets, and the fund may not perform as expected.

You should be aware that we are subject to a conflict of interest with respect to the interests of contract owners insofar as, by requiring you to allocate your purchase payments and Contract Value to one or more subaccounts that invests in a fund that employs a volatility management strategy, this may reduce the risk to us that we will have to make guaranteed payments under a living benefit rider. In addition, any negative impact to the performance of a fund due to a volatility management strategy may limit increases in your Contract Value, which may limit your ability to achieve step-ups of the benefit base under a living benefit rider. For more information about the funds and the investment strategies they employ, please refer to the funds' current prospectuses.

ADDITION, DELETION OR SUBSTITUTION OF INVESTMENTS

Subject to applicable law, we may make additions to, deletions from, or substitutions for the shares that are held in the Variable Account or that the Variable Account may purchase. If the shares of a portfolio are no longer available for investment, if further investment in any portfolio should become inappropriate (in our judgment) in view of the purposes of the Variable Account, or for any other reason in our sole discretion, we may redeem the shares, if any, of that portfolio and substitute shares of another registered open-end management investment company. The substituted Fund may have different fees and expenses than the replaced Fund. Substitutions may be made with respect to existing investments or the investment of future Premiums or both. We will not substitute any shares attributable to a Contract's interest in a

Subaccount of the Variable Account without notice and prior approval of the SEC and state insurance authorities, to the extent required by applicable law.

Subject to applicable law and any required SEC approval, we may establish new Subaccounts or eliminate one or more Subaccounts if marketing needs, tax considerations or investment conditions warrant, or for any other reason in our sole discretion. We will determine on what basis we might make any new Subaccounts available to existing Contract Owners. Furthermore, we may close Subaccounts to allocation of Premiums or Contract Value, or both, at any time in our sole discretion.

If we make any of these substitutions or changes we may, by appropriate endorsement, change the Contract to reflect the substitution or change. If we decide it is in the best interests of Contract Owners (subject to any approvals that may be required under applicable law), we may take the following actions with regard to the Variable Account:

- operate the Variable Account as a management investment company under the 1940 Act;
- de-register it under that Act if registration is no longer required; or
- combine it with other Kansas City Life separate accounts.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF KANSAS CITY LIFE

Benefits payable under the Contract are paid out of your Contract Value allocated to the Variable Account or out of assets of Kansas City Life's general account. Any guarantees that exceed your Contract Value are paid from our general account assets and are subject to our financial strength and claims paying ability.

As an insurance company, we are required by state regulators to hold a specific amount of reserves to meet contractual obligations payable out of our general account. We monitor our reserves so that we hold sufficient amounts to cover actual or expected Contract and claims payments. State regulators also require Kansas City Life to maintain a minimum amount of capital, to act as a cushion in the event it suffers a financial impairment. But there is no guarantee we will always be able to meet our claims paying obligations, and there are risks associated with purchasing any insurance product.

We encourage both existing and prospective Owners to read and understand our financial statements. Our financial statements. which are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), are included in the Statement of Additional Information. You may obtain a copy of the Statement of Additional Information without charge by sending a written request to Variable Administration, P.O. Box 219364, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9364 or by calling us at 1-800-616-3670.

VOTING RIGHTS

We are the legal owners of shares held by the Subaccounts and we have the right to vote on all matters submitted to shareholders of the Funds. As required by law, we will vote shares held in the Subaccounts in accordance with instructions received from Owners with Contract Value in the Subaccounts. We may be permitted to vote shares of the Funds in our own right if the applicable federal securities laws, regulations or interpretations of those laws or regulations change.

We will solicit voting instructions from you, as required by applicable law or regulation, before any Fund shareholder meeting. Your number of votes will be calculated separately for each Subaccount of the Variable Account, and may include fractional shares. The number of votes attributable to a Subaccount will be determined by applying your percentage interest, if any, in a particular Subaccount to the total number of votes attributable to that Subaccount. The number of votes for which you may give instructions will be determined as of the date established by the Fund for determining shareholders eligible to vote. We will vote shares held by a Subaccount for which we have no instructions and any shares held in our general account in the same proportion as those shares for which we do receive voting instructions. This means that a small number of Owners may control the outcome of the vote.

If required by state insurance officials, we may disregard voting instructions if such instructions would require us to vote shares in a manner that would:

- cause a change in sub-classification or investment objectives of one or more of the Portfolios;
- approve or disapprove an investment advisory agreement; or
- require changes in the investment advisory contract or investment adviser of one or more of the Portfolios, if we reasonably disapprove of such changes in accordance with applicable federal regulations.

If we ever disregard voting instructions, we will advise you of that action and of the reasons for it in the next semiannual report. We may also modify the manner in which we calculate the weight to be given to pass-through voting instructions when such a change is necessary to comply with current federal regulations or the current interpretation of them.

CHARGES AND DEDUCTIONS

We may realize a profit on any charges and deductions under the Contract. We may use this profit for any purpose, including payment of distribution charges. Below is a listing and description of the applicable charges and deductions under the Contract.

PREMIUM EXPENSE CHARGES

Sales Charge. We deduct a 6.00% Sales Charge from each Premium. This charge reimburses us for administrative expenses associated with the Contracts. We apply Premiums to your Contract net of the Sales Charge.

Premium Tax Charge. We deduct a 2.25% Premium Tax Charge from each Premium. This charge reimburses us for state and local Premium taxes. We apply Premiums to your Contract net of the Premium Tax Charge. State premium tax rates vary by state and currently range between 0.5% and 3.5%. We may be subject to retaliatory tax in some states so that the effective premium tax ranges from 2% to 3.5%. The Premium Tax Charge that we deduct from each of your Premiums may not necessarily reflect the tax charged in your state, and will be deducted even if we are not subject to a premium or retaliatory tax in your state.

MONTHLY DEDUCTION

We will make a Monthly Deduction to collect various charges under your Contract. We will make these Monthly Deductions on each Monthly Anniversary following the Allocation Date. On the Allocation Date, we will deduct a Monthly Deduction for the Contract Day and each Monthly Anniversary Day that has occurred prior to the Allocation Date. (See "PREMIUM ALLOCATIONS AND CREDITING") The Monthly Deduction consists of:

- monthly expense charges;
- cost of insurance charges; and
- any optional benefit and/or rider charges, as described below.

We deduct the Monthly Deduction pro rata on the basis of the portion of Contract Value in each Subaccount and/or the Fixed Account.

Monthly Expense Charge

- The monthly expense charge is \$7.50 in all Contract Years, plus
- A Monthly Per Thousand of Specified Amount Charge based on the issue age of the youngest Insured. (See chart below)

Current Years 1-10							
Youngest Insured Issue Age	Monthly Per Thousand of Specified Amount	Youngest Insured Issue Age	Monthly Per Thousand of Specified Amount				
20-29	\$0.07	50-59	\$0.18				
30-39	\$0.09	60-69	\$0.28				
40-49	\$0.14	70+	\$0.35				
Years 11+ \$0.00							

The guaranteed maximum charge is \$0.35 Monthly Per Thousand of Specified Amount for all ages and durations.

The monthly expense charge reimburses us for expenses incurred in the administration of the Contracts and the Variable Account. Such expenses include but are not limited to: underwriting and issuing the Contract, confirmations, annual reports and account statements, maintenance of Contract records, maintenance of Variable Account records, administrative personnel costs, mailing costs, data processing costs, legal fees, accounting fees, filing fees, the costs of other services necessary for Contract Owner servicing and all accounting, valuation, regulatory and updating requirements.

We guarantee that the monthly expense charge will not increase above the guaranteed maximum charge. Even if the guaranteed charges prove to be insufficient, we will not increase the charges above such guaranteed levels and will incur the loss.

Cost of Insurance Charge. This charge compensates us for the expense of providing insurance coverage. The charge depends on a number of variables and will vary from Contract to Contract and from month to month. For any Contract, we calculate the cost of insurance on a Monthly Anniversary Day by multiplying the current cost of insurance rate for the Insureds by the net amount at risk for that Monthly Anniversary Day. The cost of insurance rate for a Contract on a Monthly Anniversary Day is based on the Insureds' Age, sex, and number of completed Contract Years, Total Sum Insured, risk class, and other factors. We currently place each Insured in one of the following classes, based on underwriting:

- Standard Tobacco User;
- Standard Nontobacco User;
- Preferred Nontobacco User; and
- Preferred Tobacco User.

We may place an Insured in a substandard risk class, which involves a higher mortality risk than the Standard Tobacco User or Standard Nontobacco User classes.

The net amount at risk on a Monthly Anniversary Day is the difference between the death benefit (discounted at an interest rate which is the monthly equivalent of 4% per year) and the Contract Value (as calculated on that Monthly Anniversary Day before we deduct the cost of insurance charge). If you have chosen Option A for your death benefit, the net amount at risk generally will decrease as the Contract Value increases and increase as Contract Value decreases (assuming you do not decrease or increase the Total Sum Insured). (See "HOW YOUR CONTRACT VALUES VARY" for explanation of the factors that affect Contract Value.) If you have chosen Option B or Coverage Option L for your death benefit, the net amount at risk generally remains constant. For purposes of determining cost of insurance rates, we allocate Contract Value first to Specified Amount and then to the Additional Insurance Amount coverage in the order in which those coverages were issued. Then we allocate Contract Value to any additional coverage amount applicable under Coverage Option L.

We place the Insureds in risk classes when we approve the Contract, based on our underwriting of the application. When you request an increase in Additional Insurance Amount, we do additional underwriting before approving the increase to determine the risk class that will apply to the increase. If the risk class for the increase has lower cost of insurance rates than the existing risk class, we apply the lower rates to the entire Total Sum Insured. If the risk class for the increase has higher cost of insurance rates than the existing class, we apply the higher rates only to the increase in Total Sum Insured and the existing risk class will continue to apply to the existing Total Sum Insured.

We guarantee that the cost of insurance rates will not exceed the maximum cost of insurance rates set forth in the Contract. The guaranteed rates for standard and preferred risk classes are based on the 1980 Commissioners' Standard Ordinary Mortality Tables, Male or Female, Smoker or Nonsmoker Mortality Rates ("1980 CSO Tables"). The guaranteed rates for substandard classes are based on multiples of or additives to the 1980 CSO Tables.

Our current cost of insurance rates may be less than the guaranteed rates that are set forth in the Contract. We will determine current cost of insurance rates based on our expectations as to future mortality experience. We may change these rates from time to time.

Cost of insurance rates (whether guaranteed or current) for one or both Insureds in a nontobacco user standard class are lower than rates for one or both Insureds of the same Age and sex in a tobacco user standard class. Cost of insurance rates (whether guaranteed or current) for one or both Insureds in a nontobacco user or tobacco user standard risk class are lower than rates for one or both Insureds of the same Age, sex and tobacco user class in a substandard risk class.

We may make a profit from this charge. Any profit may be used to finance distribution expenses.

Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Charge. There is no charge for the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option in the first ten Contract Years. Beginning in Contract Year 11, the charge is \$0.01 per \$1,000 on a current basis, and \$0.03 per \$1,000 on a guaranteed basis. This charge is based on the Specified Amount and we will deduct it monthly.

Cost of Additional Benefits Provided by Riders. These charges are part of the Monthly Deduction and vary by the benefit.

- <u>Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option</u>. We do not charge for this option during the first 10 Contract Years. Beginning in Contract Year 11, we will apply a monthly charge per \$1,000 of Specified Amount at issue.
- <u>Contract Split Option Rider</u>. We will assess a monthly charge per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount.
- <u>Joint First to Die Term Life Insurance Rider</u>. We will assess a monthly charge per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount. The charge can vary, based on the Insured's Age, sex, and number of completed Contract Years, Specified Amount, and risk class.
- <u>Joint Survivorship Four-Year Term Life Insurance Rider</u>. We will assess a monthly charge per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount. The charge can vary, based on the Insured's Age, sex, and number of completed Contract Years, Specified Amount, and risk class.

DAILY MORTALITY AND EXPENSE RISK CHARGE

We deduct a daily charge from assets in the Subaccounts attributable to the Contracts. This charge does not apply to Fixed Account assets. The current and guaranteed charge is at an annual rate of 0.625% of net assets.

The mortality risk we assume is that the Insureds may die sooner than anticipated and we have to pay death benefits greater than we anticipated. The expense risk we assume is that expenses incurred in issuing and administering the Contracts and the Variable Account will exceed the administrative charges we assess. We may make a profit from this charge. Any profit may be used to finance distribution expenses.

TRANSFER PROCESSING FEE

The first six transfers during each Contract Year are free. We will assess a \$25 transfer processing fee for each additional transfer. For the purpose of assessing the fee, we will consider each Written Request for a transfer to be one transfer, regardless of the number of accounts affected by the transfer. We will deduct the transfer-processing fee from the amount being transferred or from the remaining Contract Value, according to your instructions.

SURRENDER CHARGE

During the first ten Contract Years, we will deduct a surrender charge from the Contract Value if the Contract is completely surrendered or lapses. The surrender charge is based on the Specified Amount at issue. We calculate this charge by multiplying the surrender charge factor for the applicable Ages and sex of each Insured by the surrender charge percentages (as shown in Appendix A). The surrender charge factor will vary by each Insured's individual Age, risk class, and sex, but will never exceed \$50 per thousand of Specified Amount. We then multiply this amount by the Specified Amount, divided by 1,000 to reach the actual charge.

The total surrender charge will not exceed the maximum surrender charge shown in your Contract. We credit any surrender charge deducted upon lapse back to the Contract Value upon reinstatement. The surrender charge on the date of reinstatement will be the same as it was on the date of lapse. For purposes of determining the surrender charge on any date after reinstatement, the period during which the Contract was lapsed will not count.

Under some circumstances the amount of the surrender charge during the first few Contract Years could result in a Cash Surrender Value of zero. This will depend upon a number of factors, but is more likely if:

- Premiums paid are equal to or only a little higher than the Guaranteed Monthly Premium shown in your Contract; or
- if investment performance of the Subaccounts is too low.

The surrender charges calculated are applicable at the end of each Contract Year. After the first Contract Year, we will prorate the surrender charges between Contract Years. However, after the end of the 10th Contract Year, there will be no surrender charge.

PARTIAL SURRENDER FEE

We deduct an administrative charge upon a partial surrender. This charge is the lesser of 2% of the amount surrendered or \$25. We will deduct this charge from the Contract Value in addition to the amount requested to be surrendered and it will be considered as part of the partial surrender amount.

NET LOAN INTEREST CHARGE

A net loan interest charge is assessed by crediting a lower rate on amounts held in the Loan Account as collateral than the rate charged on the Loan Balance. The maximum amount of interest we charge on a loan is 6% annually of the Loan Balance. The net loan interest charge, which is the difference between the amount charged on any Loan Balance and the amount credited to the Loan Account (4% annually), will not exceed 2%. Preferred loans are available beginning in the

eleventh Contract Year. We credit 6% annually to amounts held in the Loan Account as collateral for a preferred loan. Therefore, there is no net loan interest charge for a preferred loan.

FUND EXPENSES

The Funds deduct investment advisory fees and other expenses from Portfolio assets. The value of the net assets of each Subaccount already reflects the investment advisory fees and other expenses incurred by the corresponding Portfolio in which the Subaccount invests. This means that these charges are deducted before we calculate Subaccount Values. These charges are not directly deducted from your Contract Value. For information about the investment advisory fees and other expenses incurred by the Portfolios, see the "Fee Table" of this Prospectus and the accompanying prospectuses for the Funds.

OTHER TAX CHARGE

We do not currently assess a charge for any taxes other than state and local premium taxes incurred as a result of the operations of the Subaccounts. We reserve the right to assess a charge for such taxes against the Subaccounts if we determine that such taxes will be incurred.

THE CONTRACT

Effective January 1, 2009, the Contract is no longer offered for sale.

PURCHASING A CONTRACT

The terms of certain features of the Contracts issued in your state may differ from those described in this Prospectus. These variations are described in the Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information. In addition, optional riders may not be available in all states. Your registered representative may also provide you with additional information about state variations.

WHO SHOULD PURCHASE A CONTRACT

The Contract is designed to provide long-term insurance benefits on the two Insureds and may also provide long-term accumulation of value. You should evaluate the Contract in conjunction with other insurance policies that you own and you should consider your insurance needs and the Contract's long-term investment potential. It may not be an advantage to you to replace existing insurance coverage with this Contract. You should carefully consider replacement especially if the decision to replace existing coverage is based solely on a comparison of illustrations.

APPLYING FOR A CONTRACT

To purchase a Contract, you must complete an application and submit it through an authorized registered representative. If you are eligible for temporary life insurance coverage, a temporary insurance agreement ("TIA") should also accompany the application. As long as the initial Premium Payment accompanies the TIA, the TIA provides insurance coverage from the date we receive the required Premium at our Home Office to the date we approve your application. In accordance with our underwriting rules, temporary life insurance coverage may not exceed \$500,000. The TIA may not be in effect for more than 60 days. At the end of the 60 days, the TIA coverage terminates and we will return the initial Premium to the applicant.

For coverage under the TIA, you must pay an initial Premium that is at least equal to two Guaranteed Monthly Premiums. We require only one Guaranteed Monthly Premium for Contracts when Premium payments will be made under a preauthorized check payment or combined billing arrangement. (See "PREMIUMS")

We require satisfactory evidence of both proposed Insureds' insurability, which may include a medical examination. The available issue ages are 20 through 85. Age is determined on the Contract Date based on each Insured's Age last birthday. The minimum Total Sum Insured is \$200,000, with a minimum Specified Amount of \$100,000. Acceptance of an application depends on our underwriting rules and we have the right to reject an application.

OWNERSHIP

As the Owner of the Contract, you may exercise all rights provided under the Contract. The Insureds are the Owner, unless a different Owner is named in the application. While at least one of the Insureds is living, the Owner may name a contingent Owner or a new Owner by Written Notice. If a contingent Owner has not been named, on the death of the last surviving Owner, ownership of the Contract passes to the estate of the last Owner to die. The Owner may also be changed prior to the last surviving Insured's death by Written Notice satisfactory to us.

CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP

You may change the ownership of the Contract by giving Written Notice to us. The change will be effective on the date your Written Notice was signed, but will have no effect on any payment made or other action taken by us before we receive it at our Home Office. We may require that the Contract be submitted for endorsement to show the change.

Certain federal income tax consequences may apply to a change of ownership. You should consult with your tax advisor before requesting any changes of ownership. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")

DETERMINATION OF CONTRACT DATE

In general, when applications are submitted with the required Premium the Contract Date will be the same as that of the TIA. For Contracts where the required Premium is not accepted at the time of application or Contracts where values are applied to the new Contract from another contract, the Contract Date will be the approval date plus up to seven days. There are several exceptions to these rules as described below.

Contract Date Calculated to be 29th, 30th or 31st of Month

No Contracts will be given a Contract Date of the 29th, 30th or 31st of the month. When values are applied to the new Contract from another contract and the Contract Date would be calculated to be one of these dates, the Contract Date will be the 28th of the month. In all other situations in which the Contract Date would be calculated to be the 29th, 30th or 31st of the month, the Contract Date will be the 1st of the next month.

Pre-Authorized Check Payment Plan (PAC) or Combined Billing (CB)-Premium with Application.

If you request PAC or CB and provide the initial Premium with the application, the Contract Date will be the date of approval. Combined Billing is a billing where multiple Kansas City Life contracts are billed together.

Combined Billing (CB)-No Premium with Application.

If you request CB and do not provide the initial Premium with the application, the Contract Date will be the earlier of the first of the month after the Contract is approved or the date the initial Premium is received. However, if approval occurs between the first and fifth of the month the Contract Date will be the first of the same month that we approve the Contract. In addition, if the Contract Date is calculated to be the 29th, 30th or 31st of the month then the Contract Date will be the first of the first of the following month.

Government Allotment (GA) and Federal Allotment (FA).

If you request GA or FA on the application and provide an initial Premium with the application, the Contract Date will be the date of approval. If you request GA or FA and we do not receive the required initial Premium, the Contract Date will be the date we receive a full monthly allotment.

The Contract Date is determined by these guidelines except, as provided for under state insurance law, the Owner may be permitted to backdate the Contract to preserve insurance Age (and receive a lower cost of insurance rate). In no case may the Contract Date be more than six months prior to the date the application was completed. We will charge a Monthly Deduction from the Contract Date.

If coverage under an existing Kansas City Life insurance contract is being replaced, that contract will be terminated and values will be transferred on the date when you have met all underwriting and other requirements and we have approved your application. We will deduct Contract charges as of the Contract Date.

REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING INSURANCE

It may not be in your best interest to surrender, lapse, change, or borrow from existing life insurance or annuity contracts in connection with the purchase of a Contract. You should replace your existing insurance only when you determine that the Contract is better for you. The charges and benefits of your existing insurance may be different from a Contract purchased from us. You may have to pay a surrender charge on your existing insurance, and the Contract will impose a new sales charge and surrender charge period.

You should talk to your financial professional or tax adviser to make sure the exchange will be tax-free. If you surrender your existing contract for cash and then buy the Contract, you may have to pay a tax, including possibly a penalty tax, on the surrender. Also, because we will not issue the Contract until we have received an initial Premium from your existing insurance company, the issuance of the Contract may be delayed.

FREE LOOK RIGHT TO CANCEL CONTRACT

You may cancel your Contract for a refund during your "free-look" period. You may also cancel an increase in Specified Amount that you have requested during the "free-look" period for the increase. The free look period expires on the latest of:

- 10 days after you receive your Contract or for an increase, your adjusted Contract;
- 45 days after your application for either the Contract or the increase in Specified Amount is signed; or
- 10 days after we mail or deliver a cancellation notice.

If you decide to cancel the Contract or an increase in Specified Amount, you must return the Contract to the Home Office or to the authorized registered representative who sold it. Immediately after mailing or delivery within the "free-look" period, the Contract or the increase will be deemed void from the beginning. If you cancel the Contract, we will refund Premiums paid within seven calendar days after we receive the returned Contract. (This means that the amount we refund will not reflect either gains or losses resulting from Subaccount performance.) If you cancel an increase in the Specified Amount, we will return any charges attributable to the increase to your Contract Value.

ALLOCATION AND TRANSFERS

PREMIUM ALLOCATIONS AND CREDITING

In the Contract application, you select how we will allocate Premiums (Premium less Premium Expense Charges) among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account. The sum of your allocations must equal 100%. We may limit the number of Subaccounts to which you allocate net Premiums (not applicable to Texas Contracts). We will never limit the number to less than 15. You may change the allocation percentages at any time by sending Written Notice. You may make changes in your allocation by telephone, facsimile or electronic mail if you have provided proper authorization. (See "TELEPHONE, FACSIMILE, ELECTRONIC MAIL AND INTERNET AUTHORIZATIONS") The change will apply to the net Premiums received with or after receipt of your notice.

On the Allocation Date, we will allocate the initial net Premium to the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount. If we receive any additional Premiums before the Reallocation Date, we will also allocate the corresponding net Premiums to the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount.

On the Reallocation Date (30 days after the Allocation Date), we will allocate the amount in the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount as directed in your application.

We will credit Premiums received on or after the Reallocation Date as directed by you. The Premiums will be invested within the Valuation Period during which we receive them at our Home Office unless we require additional underwriting. Premiums received at our Home Office before the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading are priced using the Subaccount Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of that regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange (usually 3:00 p.m. Central Time). If we receive a Premium Payment after the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading, we will process the order using the Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of the next regular session of the New York Stock Exchange. We will credit amounts to the Subaccounts only on a Valuation Day, that is, on a date the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. We will not credit Premiums requiring additional underwriting until we have completed underwriting and accept the Premium. If we reject the additional Premium, we will return the Premium promptly, without any adjustment for investment experience.

We may be delayed in processing your Contract application and/or Premiums due to submission delays by your registered representative. We will not apply any Premium until we have received the Contract application and/or Premium from your registered representative.

TRANSFER PRIVILEGE

After the Reallocation Date and prior to the Maturity Date, you may transfer amounts among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, subject to the following restrictions:

- the minimum transfer amount is the lesser of \$250 or the entire amount in that Subaccount or the Fixed Account;
- we will treat a transfer request that reduces the amount in a Subaccount or the Fixed Account below \$250 as a transfer request for the entire amount in that Subaccount or the Fixed Account;
- we allow only one transfer each Contract Year from the Fixed Account;
- the amount transferred from the Fixed Account may not exceed the greatest of: 25% of the unloaned Fixed Account Value in the Fixed Account on the date of transfer (unless the balance after the transfer is less than \$250 in which

case we will transfer the entire amount), or the amount transferred out of the Fixed Account in the prior year, or \$2,000 (or the unloaned Fixed Account Value, if less);

• we may, where permitted, suspend or modify this transfer privilege at any time with notice to you.

There is no limit on the number of transfers you can make between the Subaccounts or to the Fixed Account. The first six transfers during each Contract Year are free. After the first six transfers, we will assess a \$25 transfer processing fee. Unused free transfers do not carry over to the next Contract Year. For the purpose of assessing the fee, we consider each Written Notice or telephone, facsimile, or electronic mail request to be one transfer, regardless of the number of Subaccounts or the Fixed Account affected by that transfer. We will deduct the processing fee from the remaining Contract Value.

We will make the transfer on the Valuation Day that we receive Written Notice requesting the transfer. You may also make transfers by telephone, facsimile and electronic mail if you have provided proper authorization, unless, in accordance with our policies and procedures regarding frequent transfers among Subaccounts, we require you to provide us with a Written Request for transfers. (See "TELEPHONE, FACSIMILE, ELECTRONIC MAIL AND INTERNET AUTHORIZATIONS") Transfer requests made in writing, by facsimile, or by electronic mail must be received, and transfer requests made by telephone must be completed, before 3:00 p.m. Central Time to receive same day pricing of the transaction. Transfer requests received (or completed) before the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading are priced using the Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of that regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading, we will process the order using the Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of that regular business are the close of the next regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading.

Frequent Transfers Among Subaccounts. Frequent requests from Owners to transfer Contract Value between Subaccounts may dilute the value of a Portfolio's shares if the frequent trading involves an attempt to take advantage of pricing inefficiencies created by a lag between a change in the value of the securities held by a Portfolio and the reflection of that change in the Portfolio's share price. Frequent transfers may also increase brokerage and administrative costs of the Portfolios, and may interfere with the efficient management of a Portfolio, requiring it to maintain a high cash position and possibly result in lost investment opportunities and forced liquidations. Accordingly, frequent transfers may adversely affect the long-term performance of the Portfolios, which, in turn, may adversely affect other Owners and persons with interests under the Contracts (e.g., Beneficiaries).

We have policies and procedures that attempt to detect and deter frequent transfer activity among Subaccounts. Our procedures for detecting frequent transfer activity involve examining the number of transfers made by an Owner within given periods of time. Currently, we monitor for 12 or more transfers in a Contract within a calendar year. For purposes of applying the parameters used to detect frequent transfer activity, we will aggregate transfers made on the same Valuation Day under multiple contracts owned by the same Owner. However, we do not aggregate transfers made pursuant to the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan and the Portfolio Rebalancing Plan.

If transfer activity violates our established parameters for detecting frequent transfers, we review those transfers to determine if, in our judgment, the transfers are potentially harmful frequent transfer activity. If, in our sole opinion, a pattern of excessive transfers develops or a transfer is not in the best interests of one or more Owners, we either will suspend the transfer privilege or will apply limitations or modifications to transfers to or from one or more of the Subaccounts. We will communicate to Owners in writing any suspension or limitation or modification of the transfer privilege. Our policies and procedures specify the following as limitations that will be applied to deter excessive transfers:

- the requirement of a minimum time period between each transfer;
- not accepting a transfer request from a third party acting under authorization on behalf of more than one Owner;
- limiting the dollar amount that may be transferred between the Subaccounts by an Owner at any one time;
- implementing and administering redemption fees imposed by one or more of the Funds in the future; and
- requiring that a Written Request, signed by the Owner, be provided to us at our Home Office.

The detection and deterrence of harmful transfer activity involves judgments that are inherently subjective, including our judgment as to what parameters to use to detect potentially harmful frequent transfer activity and what particular limitation of the five possible limitations described above to apply to deter excessive transfers when a particular instance of potentially harmful transfer activity is detected. Our ability to detect and apply specific limitations to such transfer activity may be limited by operational and technological systems, as well as by our ability to predict strategies employed by Owners to avoid such detection. However, we may vary our procedures from Subaccount to Subaccount, and may be more restrictive with regard to certain Subaccounts than others. There is no assurance that we will prevent all transfer activity that may adversely affect Owners and other persons with interests in the Contracts.

In our sole discretion, we may at any time and without prior notice revise any procedures we follow as necessary: to better detect and deter frequent, large, or short-term transfers that may adversely affect Owners and other persons with interests under the Contracts; to comply with state or federal regulatory requirements; or to impose additional or alternate restrictions (such as percentage limits on transfers) on Owners engaging in frequent transfer activity among the Subaccounts. We also may not process a transfer request if the Subaccount affected by the transfer is unable to purchase or redeem shares of its corresponding Fund Portfolio because of actions taken or limitations imposed by the Fund.

The Funds with Portfolios available as investment options under the Contract may have adopted their own policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions of their respective shares. The prospectuses for the Funds describe any such policies and procedures, which may be more or less restrictive than the frequent trading policies and procedures of other Funds and the policies and procedures we have adopted to discourage frequent transfers among Subaccounts. You should read the prospectuses of the Funds for more details on their ability to refuse or restrict purchases or redemptions of their shares. You should be aware that we have entered into a written agreement, as required by SEC regulation, with each Fund or its principal underwriter that obligates us (1) to provide the Fund promptly upon request certain information about the trading activity of individual Owners, and (2) to execute instructions from the Fund to restrict or prohibit further purchases or transfers by specific Owners who violate the frequent trading policies established by the Fund.

Owners and other persons with interests under the Contracts also should be aware that the purchase and redemption orders received by the Funds generally are "omnibus" orders from other insurance companies or from intermediaries such as retirement plans. The omnibus orders reflect the aggregation and netting of multiple orders from individual retirement plan participants and/or individual owners of variable insurance contracts. The omnibus nature of these orders may limit a Fund's ability to apply its respective frequent trading policies and procedures. We cannot guarantee that the Funds will not be harmed by transfer activity relating to the retirement plans and/or other insurance companies that may invest in the Funds.

In accordance with applicable law, we reserve the right to modify or terminate the transfer privilege at any time. We also reserve the right to defer or restrict the transfer privilege at any time that we are unable to purchase or redeem shares of any of the Portfolios, including any refusal or restriction on purchases or redemptions of Portfolio shares as a result of a Fund's own policies and procedures on frequent purchase and redemption of Fund shares (even if an entire omnibus order is rejected because of frequent transfer activity of a single Owner). You should read the Fund prospectuses for more details.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING PLAN

The Dollar Cost Averaging Plan is an optional feature available with the Contract. If elected, it enables you to automatically transfer amounts from the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount to other Subaccounts. The goal of the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan is to make you less susceptible to market fluctuations by allocating on a regularly scheduled basis instead of allocating the total amount all at one time. We cannot guarantee that the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan will result in a gain.

Transfers under this plan occur on a monthly basis for a period you choose, ranging from three to 36 months. To participate in the plan you must transfer at least \$250 from the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount each month. You may allocate the required amounts to the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount through initial or subsequent Premiums or by transferring amounts into the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Money Fund II Subaccount from the other Subaccounts or from the Fixed Account. Restrictions apply to transfers from the Fixed Account.

You may elect this plan at the time of application by completing the authorization. You may also elect it at any time after the Contract is issued by completing the election form. You may make changes in dollar cost averaging by telephone, facsimile or electronic mail if you have provided proper authorization.

Dollar cost averaging transfers will start on the next Monthly Anniversary Day on or following the Reallocation Date or the date you request. Once elected, we will process transfers from the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II monthly until:

- we have completed the designated number of transfers;
- the value of the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount is completely depleted; or
- you send Written Notice instructing us to cancel the monthly transfers.

Transfers made under the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan will not count toward the six free transfers allowed each Contract Year. We may cancel this feature at any time with notice to you. We do not impose a charge for participation in this plan.

PORTFOLIO REBALANCING PLAN

The Portfolio Rebalancing Plan is an optional feature available with the Contract. Under this plan we will redistribute the accumulated balance of each Subaccount to equal a specified percentage of the Variable Account Value. We will do this on a quarterly basis at three-month intervals from the Monthly Anniversary Day on which portfolio rebalancing begins.

The purpose of the Portfolio Rebalancing Plan is to automatically diversify your portfolio mix. This plan automatically adjusts your Portfolio mix to be consistent with your current allocation instructions. If you make a change to your Premium allocation, we will also automatically change the allocation used for portfolio rebalancing to be consistent with the new Premium allocation unless you instruct us otherwise.

The redistribution occurring under this plan will not count toward the six free transfers permitted each Contract Year. If you also have elected the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan and it has not been completed, the Portfolio Rebalancing Plan will start on the Monthly Anniversary Day after the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan ends.

You may elect this plan at the time of application by completing the authorization on the application. You may also elect it after the Contract is issued by completing the election form. You may make changes in portfolio rebalancing by telephone, facsimile or electronic mail if you have provided proper authorization. Portfolio rebalancing will terminate when:

- you request any transfer unless you authorize a change in allocation at that time; or
- the day we receive Written Notice instructing us to cancel the plan.

If the Contract Value is negative at the time portfolio rebalancing is scheduled, we will not complete the redistribution. We may cancel the Portfolio Rebalancing Plan at any time with notice to you. We do not impose a charge for participation in this plan.

CHANGES IN THE CONTRACT OR BENEFITS

Upon notice to you, we may modify the Contract. We can only do so if such modification is necessary to:

- make the Contract or the Variable Account comply with any applicable law or regulation issued by a governmental agency to which we are subject;
- assure continued qualification of the Contract under the Internal Revenue Code or other federal or state laws relating to variable life contracts;
- reflect a change in the operation of the Variable Account; or
- provide additional Variable Account and/or Fixed Account options.

We have the right to modify the Contract as necessary to attempt to prevent you from being considered the owner of the assets of the Variable Account. In the event of any such modification, we will issue an appropriate amendment to the Contract, if required. We will exercise these changes in accordance with applicable law, including approval of Contract Owners if required.

SUPPLEMENTAL AND/OR RIDER BENEFITS

The following optional riders are currently available and may be added to your Contract. We will deduct monthly charges for these optional riders from your Contract Value as part of the Monthly Deduction. All of these riders may not be available in all states. The Company may change or stop offering a supplemental and/or rider benefit at any time before it is elected.

Contract Split Option Rider

Issue ages: 20-75

This rider allows you to split the Contract equally (based on Total Sum Insured) into two individual Contracts, one on the life of each Insured. This split option will be offered without evidence of insurability under the condition that you make the request as the result of either:

• the divorce of the two Insureds; or

• as a result of a change in the Unlimited Federal Estate Tax marital deduction or a reduction in the maximum Federal Estate Tax bracket rate to a rate below 25%.

You must also meet specific other conditions in order to qualify. When you exercise this option, we will terminate the existing Contract. (In Pennsylvania, this option may not be exercised in the event of divorce.)

The new contracts will be based on the Insureds' Age and sex, and is based on the risk class at the time of issue of the original Contract.

This rider will terminate at the earlier of the death of the first Insured to die or the older Insured's Age 80. The rider will also terminate if you elect to keep the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option in effect after it is determined that funding is not adequate to cover these rider charges. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION")

The tax consequences of a contract split are uncertain. (See "TAX TREATMENT OF CONTRACT BENEFITS") A significant unresolved federal tax issue affecting a Contract is whether the issuance of two individual life insurance contracts in exchange for a survivorship life insurance contract will be treated as a nontaxable exchange. If you are considering a contract split, you should be aware that it is possible that such a contract split may not be treated as a nontaxable exchange, in which case the tax treatment of the Contract could be significantly less favorable than that described in this discussion. In addition, it is not clear whether two individual contracts received in exchange for a survivorship contract in a Contract split transaction will be classified as modified endowment contracts. Before proceeding with a contract split, you should consult a competent tax adviser as to the possible tax consequences of such a split.

Joint First to Die Term Life Insurance Rider

Issue ages: 20-85

This rider covers the Insureds under the Contract and provides yearly renewable term coverage on the first Insured to die on or before the older Insured's Age 100 and while this rider is in force. Coverage amounts may differ between the two Insureds, but the maximum coverage equals the Total Sum Insured and the minimum non-zero coverage equals \$10,000. You may increase (subject to insurability) or decrease the coverage under this rider. You may also choose at issue a schedule for the coverage to decrease annually. The scheduled decreases may be based on the percentage of the coverage amount ranging up to 25% of the rider coverage amount or may be a flat dollar amount. If this rider is elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available on the Contract.

Joint Survivorship Four-Year Term Life Insurance Rider

Issue ages: 20-85

This rider provides renewable one-year level term insurance and expires at the end of the fourth Contract Year. The term insurance provides a death benefit payable at the death of the last surviving Insured. The minimum coverage is \$100,000 and the maximum coverage is equal to the Total Sum Insured. This rider is available at issue only.

The rider will also terminate if you elect to keep the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option in effect after it is determined that funding is not adequate to cover these rider charges. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION")

Additional rules and limits apply to these optional riders. Not all such benefits may be available at any time, and optional benefits or riders in addition to those listed above may be made available. Please ask your registered representative for further information, or contact the Home Office.

PREMIUMS

PREMIUMS

The Contract is flexible with regard to the amount of Premiums you pay. When we issue the Contract we establish a Planned Premium set by you. This amount is only an indication of your preference in paying Premiums. You may change this amount at any time. You may pay additional Unscheduled Premiums at any time while the Contract is in force. We have the right to limit the number (except in Texas) and amount of such Premiums. We do have requirements regarding the minimum and maximum Premium amounts that you can pay.

We deduct Premium Expense Charges from all Premiums prior to allocating them to your Contract. (See "CHARGES AND DEDUCTIONS")

Minimum Premium Amounts. The minimum initial Premium required is the least amount for which we will issue a Contract. This amount depends on a number of factors. These factors include Age, sex, and risk class of the proposed Insureds, the Specified Amount, any supplemental and/or rider benefits, and the Planned Premium you propose to make. (See "PLANNED PREMIUMS") Consult your registered representative for information about the initial Premium required for the coverage you desire.

Each Premium payment after the initial Premium payment must be at least \$25.

Maximum Premium Information. Total Premiums paid may not exceed Premium limitations for life insurance set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. We will monitor Contracts and will notify you if a Premium exceeds this limit and will cause the Contract to violate the definition of insurance. You may choose to take a refund of the portion of the Premium that we determine is in excess of the Premium limitations or you may submit an application to increase the Additional Insurance Amount, subject to our underwriting approval. If you choose to increase the Additional Insurance Amount and the Insured fails to meet our underwriting requirements for the required increase in coverage, we have the right to refund, with interest, any Premium that we determine is in excess of the guideline premium limit. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")

Your Contract may become a modified endowment contract if Premiums exceed the "7-Pay Test" as set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. We will monitor Contracts and will attempt to notify you on a timely basis if, based on our interpretation of the relevant tax rules, your Contract is in jeopardy of becoming a modified endowment contract. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")

We have the right to require satisfactory evidence of insurability prior to accepting Unscheduled Premiums. (See "PREMIUM ALLOCATIONS AND CREDITING")

General Premium Information. You must pay Premiums by check payable to Kansas City Life Insurance Company or by any other method that we deem acceptable. You must clearly mark a loan repayment as such or we will credit it as a Premium. (See "CONTRACT LOANS")

If mandated under applicable law, we may be required to reject a Premium Payment. We may also be required to provide additional information about you or your account to government regulators.

Planned Premiums. When applying for a Contract, you select a plan for paying Premiums. Failure to pay Planned Premiums will not necessarily cause a Contract to lapse. Conversely, paying all Planned Premiums will not guarantee that a Contract will not lapse. You may elect to pay level Premiums quarterly, semi-annually or annually. You may also arrange to pay Planned Premiums on a special monthly or quarterly basis under a pre-authorized payment arrangement.

You are not required to pay Premiums in accordance with your plan. You can pay more or less than planned or skip a Planned Premium entirely. (See "PREMIUMS TO PREVENT LAPSE" and "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION") Subject to the minimum and maximum limits described above, you can change the amount and frequency of Planned Premiums at any time.

Premiums Upon an Increase in Additional Insurance Amount. Depending upon the Contract Value at the time of an increase and the amount of the increase requested, you may need to pay an additional Premium or change the amount of Planned Premiums. (See "INCREASES IN THE ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT")

Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium. During the Guaranteed Payment Period, we guarantee that your Contract will not lapse if your Premiums meet the Guaranteed Monthly Premium requirement. For this guarantee to apply, the total Premiums must be at least equal to the sum of:

- the amount of accumulated Guaranteed Monthly Premiums in effect; and
- additional Premium amounts to cover the total amount of any partial surrenders or Contract Loans you have made.

The Guaranteed Payment Period applies for three years after the Contract Date. The Contract shows the Guaranteed Monthly Premium.

The factors we use to determine the Guaranteed Monthly Premium vary by risk class, issue age, and sex. In calculating the Guaranteed Monthly Premium, we include additional amounts for substandard ratings and optional benefits and/or riders. If you make a change to your Contract, we will:

- re-calculate the Guaranteed Monthly Premium;
- notify you of the new Guaranteed Monthly Premium; and
- amend your Contract to reflect the change.

PREMIUMS TO PREVENT LAPSE

Your Contract will terminate if there is insufficient value remaining in the Contract at the end of the Grace Period. Because the value of amounts allocated to the Variable Account will vary according to the investment performance of the Funds, the specific amount of Premiums required to prevent lapse will also vary.

On each Monthly Anniversary Day we will check your Contract to determine if there is enough value to prevent lapse. If your Contract does lapse you must pay the required amount before the end of the Grace Period to prevent your Contract from terminating.

Under the Guaranteed Payment Period. The conditions to prevent lapse will depend on whether a Guaranteed Payment Period is in effect as follows:

During the Guaranteed Payment Period. The Contract lapses and a Grace Period starts if:

- there is not enough Cash Surrender Value in your Contract to cover the Monthly Deduction; and
- the Premiums paid are less than required to guarantee lapse will not occur during the Guaranteed Payment Period.

If lapse occurs, the Premium you must pay to keep the Contract in force will be equal to the lesser of:

- the amount to guarantee the Contract will not lapse during the Guaranteed Payment Period less the accumulated Premiums you have paid; and
- enough Premium to increase the Cash Surrender Value to at least the amount of three Monthly Deductions.

After the Guaranteed Payment Period. The Contract lapses and a Grace Period starts if the Cash Surrender Value is not enough to cover the Monthly Deduction. To prevent the Contract from terminating at the end of the Grace Period you must pay enough Premium to increase the Cash Surrender Value to at least the amount of three Monthly Deductions. You must make this payment before the end of the Grace Period.

Under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. If you elect the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option we guarantee that the Specified Amount will remain in force as long as you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. If you fail to meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. If you fail to meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will terminate and the Premiums required to prevent lapse will be determined just as for a Contract without a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option does not guarantee riders, and any riders will terminate if the Cash Surrender Value of your Contract becomes negative. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION")

If you did not elect this option or if you do not pay the Premium required to keep the option in effect, your Contract will lapse at the end of the Grace Period if there is insufficient value remaining in the Contract. Because the value of amounts allocated to the Variable Account will vary according to the investment performance of the Funds, the specific amount of Premiums required to prevent lapse will also vary.

For Contracts That Do Not Have the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. On each Monthly Anniversary Day we will check your Contract to determine if there is enough value to prevent lapse. If your Contract does lapse you must pay the required amount before the end of the Grace Period. The amount required is enough Premium to increase the Cash Surrender Value to at least the amount of three Monthly Deductions.

For Contracts That Do Have the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. We will check your Contract on each Monthly Anniversary Day to determine if you have met the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. If you have met the requirement, then we guarantee that the Contract will not lapse. If you have not met the requirement then you have 61 days to keep the option in force by paying the amount that will satisfy the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION")

Effect of Insufficient Premium Levels. While paying Premiums at the levels described above will prevent Contract lapse, paying only the level of Premium required may forego advantages of building up significant Contract Value. Premium payments less than those described above will not further erode the build-up of Contract value, but will mean the future Premium required to keep the Contract in force must be sufficient to maintain a positive Cash Surrender Value.

This Premium could be significantly higher or lower than the Premium required to keep the Contract in force during the Guaranteed Payment Period or under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option.

Grace Period. The purpose of the Grace Period is to give you the chance to pay enough Premiums to keep your Contract in force. We will send you notice of the amount required to be paid. The Grace Period is 61 days and starts when we send the notice. Your Contract remains in force during the Grace Period. If the last surviving Insured dies during the Grace Period, we will pay the Death Proceeds, but we will deduct any Monthly Deduction due. (See "AMOUNT OF DEATH PROCEEDS") If you do not pay adequate Premiums before the Grace Period ends, your Contract will terminate and your Cash Surrender Value, if any, will be returned. (See "REINSTATEMENT OF CONTRACT")

HOW YOUR CONTRACT VALUES VARY

Your Contract does not provide a minimum guaranteed Contract Value or Cash Surrender Value. Values will vary with the investment experience of the Subaccounts and/or the crediting of interest in the Fixed Account, and will depend on the allocation of Contract Value. If the Cash Surrender Value on a Monthly Anniversary Day is less than the amount of the

Monthly Deduction on that date and the Guaranteed Payment Period is not then in effect, the Contract will be in default and a Grace Period will begin. (See "PREMIUMS TO PREVENT LAPSE," "GUARANTEED PAYMENT PERIOD AND GUARANTEED MONTHLY PREMIUM" and "GRACE PERIOD") However, we also offer an optional Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, which guarantees the death benefit provided certain requirements are met. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION")

BONUS ON CONTRACT VALUE IN THE VARIABLE ACCOUNT

We may credit a bonus to the Contract on each Monthly Anniversary Day beginning on the first Monthly Anniversary Day following the Contract Date. The monthly bonus applies to Contracts with a Total Sum Insured of \$5,000,000 and above and equals an annual rate of 0.125% of the Contract Value in each Subaccount of the Variable Account. We pay these bonus amounts out of savings we derive from the higher values of the contract. We do not guarantee that we will pay the bonus.

DETERMINING THE CONTRACT VALUE

On the Allocation Date, the Contract Value is equal to the initial Premium less the Premium Expense Charges and Monthly Deduction deducted from the Contract Date. On each Valuation Day thereafter, the Contract Value is the aggregate of the Subaccount Values and the Fixed Account Value (including the Loan Account Value). The Contract Value will vary to reflect the following:

- Premiums paid;
- performance of the selected Subaccounts;
- interest credited on amounts allocated to the Fixed Account;
- interest credited on amounts in the Loan Account;
- charges assessed under the Contract;
- transfers;
- partial surrenders;
- loans and loan repayments; and
- any bonuses paid on the Monthly Anniversary Day.

Subaccount Values. When you allocate an amount to a Subaccount, either by Premium or transfer, we credit your Contract with Accumulation Units in that Subaccount. The number of Accumulation Units in the Subaccount is determined by dividing the amount allocated to the Subaccount by the Accumulation Unit value for the Valuation Day when the allocation is made.

The number of Accumulation Units credited to a Subaccount will increase when you allocate Premiums to the Subaccount and when you transfer amounts to the Subaccount. The number of Accumulation Units credited to a Subaccount will decrease when:

- we take the allocated portion of the Monthly Deduction from the Subaccount;
- you make a loan;
- you transfer an amount from the Subaccount; or
- you take a partial surrender (including the Partial Surrender Fee) from the Subaccount.

Accumulation Unit Values. Accumulation Unit value varies to reflect the investment experience of the underlying Portfolio. It may increase or decrease from one Valuation Day to the next. We arbitrarily set the Accumulation Unit value for each Subaccount at \$10 when we established the Subaccount. For each Valuation Period after establishment of the Subaccount, the Accumulation Unit value is determined by multiplying the value of an Accumulation Unit for a Subaccount for the prior Valuation Period by the Net Investment Factor for the Subaccount for the current Valuation Period.

Net Investment Factor. The Net Investment Factor is an index used to measure the investment performance of a Subaccount from one Valuation Day to the next. It is based on the change in net asset value of the Fund shares held by the Subaccount and reflects any gains or losses in the Subaccounts, dividends paid, any capital gains or losses, any taxes and the daily mortality and expense risk charge.

Fixed Account Value. On any Valuation Day, the Fixed Account Value of a Contract will be equal to:

- the Fixed Account Value on the preceding Valuation Day; plus
- all Premiums allocated to the Fixed Account since the preceding Valuation Day; plus
- any amounts transferred to the Fixed Account since the preceding Valuation Day (including amounts transferred in connection with Contract loans); plus
- interest credited on such Premiums and amounts transferred from the preceding Valuation Day to the date of calculation; less
- the amount of any transfers from the Fixed Account to the Subaccounts since the preceding Valuation Day; less
- the amount of any partial surrenders (including the Partial Surrender Fee) taken from the Fixed Account since the preceding Valuation Day; less
- interest on such transferred and withdrawn amounts from the effective dates of such transfers or withdrawals to the date of calculation; less
- the pro rata portion of the Monthly Deduction deducted from the Fixed Account.

Loan Account Value. On any Valuation Day, if there have been any Contract loans, the Loan Account Value is equal to:

- amounts transferred to the Loan Account from the Subaccounts and from the unloaned value in the Fixed Account as collateral for Contract loans and for due and unpaid loan interest; less
- amounts transferred from the Loan Account to the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account as the Loan Balance is repaid.

CASH SURRENDER VALUE

The Cash Surrender Value is the amount you have available in cash if you fully surrender the Contract. We use this amount to determine whether a partial surrender may be taken, whether Contract loans may be taken, and whether a Grace Period starts. (See "PREMIUMS TO PREVENT LAPSE") The Cash Surrender Value on the Valuation Day is equal to the Contract Value less any applicable surrender charges and any Loan Balance. (See "SURRENDERING THE CONTRACT FOR CASH SURRENDER VALUE")

COMPANY HOLIDAYS

We are closed on the days that the New York Stock Exchange is closed. Currently the New York Stock Exchange is closed on the following holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. The New York Stock Exchange recognizes holidays that fall on a Saturday on the previous Friday. We will recognize holidays that fall on a Sunday on the following Monday.

DEATH BENEFIT

As long as the Contract remains in force, we will pay the Death Proceeds upon receipt at the Home Office of satisfactory proof of death of the last surviving Insured plus written direction (from each eligible recipient of Death Proceeds) regarding how to make the death benefit payment, and any other documents, forms and information we need. We may also require proof of the death of the Insured who died first and may require return of the Contract. We will pay Death Proceeds in a lump sum, or if you prefer, under a payment option. (See "PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS" and "PAYMENT OPTIONS") We will pay Death Proceeds to the Beneficiary. (See "SELECTING AND CHANGING THE BENEFICIARY")

AMOUNT OF DEATH PROCEEDS

The Death Proceeds payable upon the death of the last surviving Insured is equal to the following:

the greater of (1) the death benefit under the Coverage Option selected (calculated as of the date of the last surviving Insured's death) or (2) the Corridor Death Benefit; plus

- an amount equal to any benefits provided by any optional benefits or riders; plus
- any Premiums received after the date of death; minus
- any Loan Balance on that date; minus
- any past due Monthly Deduction if the death occurred during a Grace Period.

Under certain circumstances, the amount of the death benefit may be further adjusted or the death benefit may not be payable.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if in effect, provides a minimum death benefit. If all or part of the Death Proceeds is paid in one sum, we will pay interest on this sum (as required by applicable state law) from the date of receipt of due proof of the last surviving Insured's death to the date of payment.

TOTAL SUM INSURED, SPECIFIED AMOUNT, ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT

The Total Sum Insured, Specified Amount and the Additional Insurance Amount are set at the time the Contract is issued. The Specified Amount plus the Additional Insurance Amount equals the Total Sum Insured. The minimum Total Sum Insured is \$200,000. Within the Total Sum Insured minimum, we also require that the minimum Specified Amount be \$100,000, while the minimum Additional Insurance Amount is required to be \$10,000. The maximum amount of initial Additional Insurance Amount coverage is four times the Specified Amount at issue.

You may decrease the Total Sum Insured or increase the Additional Insurance Amount as described below. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option only applies to the Specified Amount and not to the Additional Insurance Amount. Therefore, even if the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is in effect, if the Contract Value is insufficient to pay the Monthly Deduction, the Additional Insurance Amount may lapse. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION")

COVERAGE OPTIONS

When you apply for the Contract, you may choose one of three Coverage Options, which will be used to determine the death benefit:

- <u>Option A</u>: death benefit is equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of death of the last surviving Insured.
- <u>Option B</u>: death benefit is equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of death of the last surviving Insured, plus the Contract Value on the date of such death.
- <u>Option L</u>: death benefit will be the sum of: (1) the Total Sum Insured on the date of death of the last surviving Insured; and (2) the Contract Value on the Contract Anniversary preceding the death of the last surviving Insured multiplied by the applicable Option L death benefit percentage less the Total Sum Insured on that Contract Anniversary. If the amount in (2) of the Option L death benefit calculation is less than zero, then the Option L death benefit will be the amount calculated in (1).

You may also change the Coverage Option, as described below. However, Coverage Option L is only available at issue. If a Coverage Option is not specified at the time of application, we will contact your representative to find out which Coverage Option you have selected.

We will increase death benefits under any Coverage Option by any additional benefits provided by riders in force on the date of death of the last surviving Insured, and any Premiums received after the date of death. We will also refund any cost of insurance charge deducted for the period beyond the date of death. We will reduce the Death Proceeds by any Loan Balance.

CORRIDOR DEATH BENEFIT

The purpose of the Corridor Death Benefit is to ensure that the amount of insurance we provide meets the definition of life insurance under the Internal Revenue Code. We calculate the Corridor Death Benefit by multiplying the Contract Value by the appropriate corridor percentage. The corridor percentages vary by Age, sex, risk class, Specified Amount, Additional Insurance Amount, the number of years coverage has been in effect and any applicable optional benefits or riders. Please refer to your Contract for further information regarding corridor percentages.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION

An optional Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is available only at issue. This option is not available if you elect Coverage Option B or if the Joint First to Die Rider is issued. If you choose this option, it guarantees that we will pay the Specified Amount (less Loan Balance and any past due charges) upon the death of the last surviving Insured, regardless of the Contract's investment performance, if you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option does not guarantee any Additional Insurance Amount.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium is the amount, which guarantees that the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will remain in effect. Your Contract shows the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium. You satisfy the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement if, on each Monthly Anniversary Day, the cumulative Premiums that you have paid equal or exceed the cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premiums plus any Loan Balance.

"Cumulative Premiums that you have paid" means the amount that is equal to:

- the sum of all Premiums paid; less
- the sum of all partial surrenders; with
- each accumulated at an annual effective interest rate of 4% from the date your Contract is issued to the Monthly Anniversary Day on which the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement is calculated.

"Cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premiums" is equal to the sum of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premiums. Each such Premium is accumulated at an annual effective interest rate of 4% to the Monthly Anniversary Day on which the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement is calculated.

If you do not meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is in default. A 61-day notice period begins on the day we mail the notice that the option is in default and informs you of the amount of Premium required to maintain the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. The Premium amount required to prevent default of the option is equal to:

- the cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium plus any Loan Balance; less
- the cumulative paid Premium.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will terminate if you do not pay sufficient Premium by the end of the notice period.

If the Contract contains any Additional Insurance Amount coverage or any optional benefit riders, then we will also test the Contract to ensure that you have funded the Contract at a sufficient level to support the Additional Insurance Amount or other optional riders. On each Monthly Anniversary Day we will test the Cash Surrender Value to determine if it is sufficient to cover the Monthly Deduction. If not, a 61-day notice period begins on the day we mail notice of the amount of Premium required to keep the Additional Insurance Amount and/or any optional riders in effect. The Premium required to keep the Additional Insurance Amount, which would provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to three Monthly Deductions. If we do not receive payment at least equal to the default Premium by the end of the notice period, we will terminate the Additional Insurance Amount and other optional benefit riders.

We do not charge for this option during the first 10 Contract Years. Beginning in Contract Year 11 we will apply a monthly charge per \$1,000 of Specified Amount at issue. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available for:

- Coverage Option B Contracts;
- Contracts on which the Additional Insurance Amount exceeds or is scheduled to exceed the Specified Amount; or
- Contracts which include the Joint First to Die Rider.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will terminate:

- upon your request;
- if you change the Coverage Option to B; or
- if you increase the Additional Insurance Amount to more than the Specified Amount.

You may apply to have the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option reactivated within two years of termination of such option. Re-activation requires:

• Written Notice to restore the option;

- evidence of insurability of the Insureds satisfactory to us, unless you request re-activation within one year after the beginning of the notice period; and
- payment of the amount by which the cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium plus the Loan Balance exceeds the cumulative paid Premiums on the date of re-activation.

On the Monthly Anniversary Day on which the re-activation takes effect, we will deduct from the Contract Value any unpaid Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option charges. We have the right to deny re-activation of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option more than once during the life of the Contract.

EFFECT OF COMBINATIONS OF SPECIFIED AMOUNT AND ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT

You should consider the following factors in determining how to allocate coverage in the form of the Specified Amount or in the form of an Additional Insurance Amount:

- The Specified Amount cannot be increased after issue, while the Additional Insurance Amount may be increased after issue, subject to application and evidence of insurability.
- The Additional Insurance Amount does not increase the Guaranteed Monthly Premium under a Contract. Accordingly, the amount of compensation paid to the registered representative may be less if coverage is included as Additional Insurance Amount, rather than as Specified Amount.
- The monthly per thousand charges are only charged on the Specified Amount, not on the Additional Insurance Amount. Therefore, contracts with higher amounts of Additional Insurance Amounts may have greater Contract Values.
- The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option covers only the Specified Amount and does not cover the Additional Insurance Amount. If the Contract Value is insufficient to pay the monthly expenses (including charges for the Additional Insurance Amount) the Additional Insurance Amount and rider coverage will terminate, even though the Specified Amount may stay in effect under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option.

Generally, you will incur lower Contract Year charges and have more flexible coverage with respect to the Additional Insurance Amount than with the Specified Amount. On the other hand, if you wish to take advantage of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, the proportion of the Total Sum Insured that is guaranteed can be increased by taking out a larger part of the coverage as Specified Amount at the time of issue. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available at all if the Additional Insurance Amount exceeds or is scheduled to exceed the Specified Amount at any time. In such case, it could be to your advantage to increase the amount of coverage applied for at issue as Specified Amount in order that the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will be available. However, if this guarantee is not important to you, you could choose to maximize the proportion of the Additional Insurance Amount.

SIMULTANEOUS DEATH OF BENEFICIARY AND THE LAST SURVIVING INSURED

We will pay Death Proceeds as though the Beneficiary died before the death of the last surviving Insured if:

- the Beneficiary dies at the same time as or within 15 days of the death of the last surviving Insured; and
- we have not paid the Death Proceeds to the Beneficiary within this 15-day period.

CHANGES IN DEATH BENEFIT

EFFECT OF INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE ON DEATH BENEFIT

If investment performance is favorable, the amount of the Death Proceeds may increase. The impact of investment performance will vary depending upon which Coverage Option applies.

- Under Option A, the Death Proceeds will not usually change for several years to reflect any favorable investment performance and may not change at all.
- Option B provides a death benefit that varies directly with the investment performance of the Contract Value.
- Option L provides a death benefit pattern that can be level for several years and then can increase at a particular time that you choose.

CHANGES IN COVERAGE OPTION

We have the right to require that no change in Coverage Option occurs during the first Contract Year and that you make no more than one change in Coverage Option in any 12-month period. After any change, we require the Total Sum Insured be at least \$200,000 and the Specified Amount to be at least \$100,000. The effective date of the change will be the Monthly Anniversary Day that coincides with or next follows the day that we receive and accept the request. We may require satisfactory evidence of insurability.

If the Coverage Option is Option B or Option L, it may be changed to Option A. The Total Sum Insured will not change. The effective date of change will be the Monthly Anniversary Day following the date we receive and approve your application for change.

If the Coverage Option is Option A or Option B you may not change it to Option L. Coverage Option L is only available at issue, so no changes to Option L are allowed.

If the Coverage Option is Option A or Option L, you may change it to Option B subject to satisfactory evidence of insurability. This change will decrease the Total Sum Insured. The new Total Sum Insured will be the greater of the Total Sum Insured less the Contract Value as of the date of change or \$25,000.

If the Coverage Option is changed to B, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if in effect, will terminate.

We have the right to decline any Coverage Option change that we determine would cause the Contract to not qualify as life insurance under applicable tax laws.

Changes in the Coverage Option may have tax consequences. You should consult a tax adviser before changing the Coverage Option.

INCREASES IN THE ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT

You may make increases to the Additional Insurance Amount through either scheduled annual increases requested at issue or unscheduled increases you request. The maximum Additional Insurance Amount coverage at issue is four times the Specified Amount. This coverage may increase to a maximum of eight times the Specified Amount after issue under scheduled annual increases.

Scheduled Increases. Scheduled increases to the Additional Insurance Amount, subject to our approval, may be based on a flat amount annual increase or a percentage annual increase. Available percentage increases range from 0-25% of the Additional Insurance Amount. We will base the percentage increase on the specified percentage of the Additional Insurance Amount at the time the scheduled increase occurs. Available amounts for a flat amount increase range from 0 - 25% of the Additional Insurance Amount at issue. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available if the Additional Insurance Amount is, or is scheduled to, exceed the Specified Amount.

Unscheduled Increases. You may request increases to the Additional Insurance Amount other than the scheduled annual increases available at issue. We have the right to not allow increases in Additional Insurance Amount during the first Contract Year and to allow only one increase in any 12-month period. The following requirements apply for an unscheduled increase:

- you must submit an application for the increase;
- we may require satisfactory evidence of insurability;
- any requested, unscheduled increase in the Additional Insurance Amount must be at least \$10,000;
- the Insureds' attained Age must be less than the current maximum issue age for the Contracts, as we determine from time to time;
- a change in Planned Premiums may be advisable;
- the increase in the Additional Insurance Amount will become effective on the Monthly Anniversary Day on or following the date we approve the request for the increase;
- if the Additional Insurance Amount is increased to be greater than the Specified Amount, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if applicable, will terminate.

For both a scheduled and unscheduled increase, if the Cash Surrender Value is at any time insufficient to pay the Monthly Deduction for the Contract, the Additional Insurance Amount and riders will terminate in order to preserve the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. (See "GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION") Any increase in the Additional Insurance Amount will not affect the surrender charge or the Guaranteed Monthly Premium. Increases in the Additional Insurance Amount may have tax consequences. You should consult a tax adviser before increasing the Additional Insurance Amount.

DECREASES IN TOTAL SUM INSURED

You may request a decrease in the Total Sum Insured. When you make a decrease in Total Sum Insured, we will first reduce any amount of Additional Insurance Amount remaining. Then we will reduce the Specified Amount. If the Specified Amount is decreased, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option coverage amount will be decreased by the same amount. Under certain circumstances, a partial surrender will result in a decrease in the Total Sum Insured. (See "PARTIAL SURRENDERS")

We have the right to require that no decreases occur during the first Contract Year and that you make no more than one decrease in any 12-month period.

We require that the Total Sum Insured after any decrease be at least \$200,000 and that the Specified Amount be \$100,000. You must provide Written Notice of your request to decrease your Total Sum Insured. The effective date of the decrease will be the Monthly Anniversary Day following the date we receive your application.

Decreasing the Total Sum Insured may have the effect of decreasing monthly cost of insurance charges. A decrease in the Total Sum Insured will not affect the surrender charge and will not decrease the Guaranteed Monthly Premium or Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium. (See "SURRENDER CHARGE")

A decrease in the Total Sum Insured may have adverse tax consequences. You should consult a tax adviser before decreasing the Total Sum Insured.

SELECTING AND CHANGING THE BENEFICIARY

You select the Beneficiary in your application. You may change the Beneficiary in accordance with the terms of the Contract. If you designate a Beneficiary as irrevocable, then you must obtain the Beneficiary's consent to change the Beneficiary. The Primary Beneficiary is the person entitled to receive the Death Proceeds under the Contract. If the Primary Beneficiary is not living, the Contingent Beneficiary is entitled to receive the Death Proceeds. If both Insureds die and there is no surviving Beneficiary, the Owner will be the Beneficiary.

CASH BENEFITS

CONTRACT LOANS

You may borrow from your Contract while the Insured is living by submitting a Written Request to us. You may also make loans by telephone, facsimile and electronic mail if you have provided proper authorization to us. (See "TELEPHONE, FACSIMILE, ELECTRONIC MAIL AND INTERNET AUTHORIZATIONS") The maximum loan amount available is the Contract's Cash Surrender Value on the effective date of the loan less loan interest to the next Contract Anniversary. We will process Contract loans as of the date your request is received and approved. We will send loan Proceeds to you, usually within seven calendar days. (See "PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS")

Interest. We will charge interest on any Loan Balance at an annual rate of 6%. Interest is due and payable at the end of each Contract Year while a loan is outstanding. If you don't pay interest when due, we add the interest to the loan and it becomes part of the Loan Balance.

Loan Collateral. When you take a Contract loan, we transfer an amount sufficient to secure the loan out of the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account and into the Contract's Loan Account. We will reduce the Cash Surrender Value by the amount transferred to the Loan Account. The loan does not have an immediate effect on the Contract Value. You can specify the Variable Accounts and/or Fixed Account from which we transfer collateral. If you do not specify, we will transfer collateral in the same proportion that the Contract Value in each Subaccount and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account bears to the total Contract Value in those accounts on the date you make the loan. On each Contract Anniversary, we will transfer an amount of Cash Surrender Value equal to any due and unpaid loan interest to the Loan Account. We will transfer due and unpaid interest in the same proportion that each Subaccount Value and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account Value bears to the total unloaned Contract Value.

We will credit the Loan Account with interest at an effective annual rate of not less than 4%. Thus, the maximum net cost of a loan is 2% per year. (The net cost of a loan is the difference between the rate of interest charged on Loan Balance and the amount credited to the Loan Account). We will add the interest earned on the Loan Account to the Fixed Account.

Preferred Loan Provision. Beginning in the eleventh Contract Year, an additional type of loan is available. It is called a preferred loan. For a preferred loan we will credit the amount in the Loan Account securing the preferred loan with interest at an effective annual rate of 6%. Thus, the net cost of the preferred loan is 0% per year. The maximum

amount available for a preferred loan is the Contract Value fewer Premiums paid. This amount may not exceed the maximum loan amount. The preferred loan provision is not guaranteed.

Loan Repayment. You may repay all or part of your Loan Balance at any time while the Insured is living and the Contract is in force. Each loan repayment must be at least \$10.00. Loan repayments must be sent to the Home Office and we will credit them as of the date received. You should clearly mark a loan repayment as such or we will credit it as a Premium. (Premium Expense Charges do not apply to loan repayments, unlike Unscheduled Premiums.) When you make a loan repayment, we transfer Contract Value in the Loan Account in an amount equal to the repayment from the Loan Account to the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account. Thus, a loan repayment will immediately increase the Cash Surrender Value by the amount transferred from the Loan Account. A loan repayment does not have an immediate effect on the Contract Value. Unless you specify otherwise, we will transfer loan repayment amounts to the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account according to the premium allocation instructions in effect at that time.

Effect of Contract Loan. A loan, whether or not repaid, will have a permanent effect on the death benefit and Contract Values because the investment results will apply only to the non-loaned portion of the Contract Value. The longer the loan is outstanding, the greater the effect is likely to be. Depending on the investment results of the Subaccounts or credited interest rates for the unloaned value in the Fixed Account while the loan is outstanding, the effect could be favorable or unfavorable. Loans may increase the potential for lapse if investment results of the Subaccounts are less than anticipated. Loans can (particularly if not repaid) make it more likely than otherwise for a Contract to terminate.

Contract Loans may have tax consequences. In particular, if your Contract is a "modified endowment contract," Contract loans may be currently taxable and subject to a 10% penalty tax. Moreover, the tax consequences of preferred loans taken from a Contract that is not a modified endowment contract are uncertain. In addition, interest paid on Contract loans is generally not deductible. For a discussion of the tax treatment of Contract loans and the adverse tax consequences if a Contract lapses with loans outstanding, see "TAX CONSIDERATIONS." You should consult a tax adviser before taking out a Contract Loan.

We will deduct any Loan Balance from any Death Proceeds. (See "AMOUNT OF DEATH PROCEEDS")

Your Contract will be in default if the Loan Account Value on any Valuation Day exceeds the Contract Value less any applicable surrender charge. We will send you notice of the default. You will have a 61-day Grace Period to submit a sufficient payment to avoid termination. The notice will specify the amount that must be repaid to prevent termination. (See "PREMIUMS TO PREVENT LAPSE")

SURRENDERING THE CONTRACT FOR CASH SURRENDER VALUE

You may surrender your Contract at any time for its Cash Surrender Value by submitting a Written Request. A surrender charge may apply. (See "SURRENDER CHARGE") We may require return of the Contract. We will process a surrender request as of the date we receive your Written Request and all required documents. We will price a surrender request received in good order before the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading using the Accumulation Unit values determined at the close of that regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange (usually 3:00 p.m. Central Time). For requests received in good order after the New York Stock Exchange closes, we will price such surrender request using the Accumulation Unit values determined at the close of the next regular session of the New York Stock Exchange. Generally we will make payment within seven calendar days. (See "PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS") You may receive the Cash Surrender Value in one lump sum or you may apply it to a payment option. (See "PAYMENT OPTIONS") Your Contract will terminate and cease to be in force if you surrender it for one lump sum. You will not be able to reinstate it later. **Surrenders may have adverse tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")**

(In Texas, if you request a surrender within 31 days after a Contract Anniversary, the Cash Surrender Value applicable to the Fixed Account Value will not be less than the Cash Surrender Value applicable to the Fixed Account on that Contract Anniversary, less any Contract loans or partial surrenders made on or after such Anniversary.)

PARTIAL SURRENDERS

You may make partial surrenders under your Contract at any time subject to the conditions below. You may submit a Written Request or make your request by telephone if you have provided proper authorization to us, and we will assess a partial surrender fee. (See "PARTIAL SURRENDER FEE" and "TELEPHONE, FACSIMILE, ELECTRONIC MAIL AND INTERNET AUTHORIZATIONS") We will deduct this charge from your Contract Value along with the amount requested to be surrendered. Each partial surrender (other than by telephone) must be at least \$500 and the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) may not exceed the Cash Surrender Value less \$300. If you make your

request by telephone, the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) must be at least \$500 and may not exceed the lesser of the Cash Surrender Value less \$300, or the maximum amount we permit to be withdrawn by telephone.

When you request a partial surrender, you can direct how we deduct the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) from your Contract Value in the Subaccounts and Fixed Account. If you provide no directions, we will deduct the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) from your Contract Value in the Subaccounts and Fixed Account on a pro rata basis. **Partial surrenders may have adverse tax consequences**. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS")

If Coverage Option A or L is in effect, we will reduce the Contract Value by the partial surrender amount. We will reduce the Total Sum Insured by the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) minus the excess, if any, of the death benefit over the Total Sum Insured at the time you make the partial surrender. If the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) is less than the excess of the death benefit over the Total Sum Insured, we will not reduce the Total Sum Insured. If Coverage Option B is in effect, we will reduce the Contract Value by the partial surrender fee.

We have the right to reject a partial surrender request if the partial surrender would reduce the Total Sum Insured below the minimum amount for which the Contract would be issued under our then-current rules.

We will process partial surrender requests as of the date we receive your Written Request or request by telephone. Generally we will make payment within seven calendar days. (See "PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS")

PAYMENT OPTIONS

The Contract offers a variety of ways, in addition to a lump sum, for you to receive Proceeds payable. Payment options are available for use with various types of Proceeds, such as surrender or death. We summarize these payment options below. All of these options are forms of fixed benefit annuities, which do not vary, with the investment performance of a separate account.

You may apply Proceeds of \$2,000 (this minimum may not apply in some states) or more which are payable under this Contract to any of the following options:

Option 1: Interest Payments. We will make interest payments to the payee annually or monthly as elected. We will pay interest on the Proceeds at the guaranteed rate of 3% per year and we may increase this by additional interest paid annually. You may withdraw the Proceeds and any unpaid interest in full at any time.

Option 2: Installments of a Specified Amount. We will make annual or monthly payments until the Proceeds plus interest are fully paid. We will pay interest on the Proceeds at the guaranteed rate of 3% per year and we may increase this by additional interest. You may withdraw the present value of any unpaid installments at any time.

Option 3: Installments For a Specified Period. We pay Proceeds in equal annual or monthly payments for a specified number of years. We will pay interest on the Proceeds at the guaranteed rate of 3% per year and we may increase this by additional interest. You may withdraw the present value of any unpaid installments at any time.

Option 4: Life Income. We will pay an income during the payee's lifetime. You may choose a minimum guaranteed payment period. One form of minimum guaranteed payment period is the installment refund option, under which we will make payments until the total income payments received equal the Proceeds applied.

Option 5: Joint and Survivor Income. We will pay an income during the lifetime of two persons and will continue to pay the same income as long as either person is living. The minimum guaranteed payment period will be ten years.

Minimum Amounts. We have the right to pay the total amount of the Contract in one lump sum, if less than \$2,000. If payments under the payment option selected are less than \$50, payments may be made less frequently at our option.

Choice of Options You may choose an option by Written Notice during the Insureds' lifetimes. If a payment option is not in effect at the last surviving Insured's death, the Beneficiary may make a choice.

Even if the death benefit under the Contract is excludible from income, payments under payment options may not be excludible in full. This is because earnings on the death benefit after the last surviving insured's death are taxable and payments under the payment options generally include such earnings. You should consult a tax adviser as to the tax treatment of payments under payment options.

If we have options or rates available on a more favorable basis at the time you elect a payment option, we will apply the more favorable benefits.

PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS

We will usually pay Proceeds within seven calendar days after we receive all the documents required for such a payment. All documents received must be in good order. This means that instructions are sufficiently clear so that we do not need to exercise any discretion to follow such instructions.

We determine the amount of the Death Proceeds as of the date of the last surviving Insured's death. But, we determine the amount of all other Proceeds as of the date we receive the required documents. We may delay a payment or a transfer request if:

- The New York Stock Exchange is closed for other than a regular holiday or weekend;
- trading is restricted by the SEC or the SEC declares that an emergency exists as a result of which the disposal or valuation of Variable Account assets is not reasonably practicable; or
- the SEC, by order, permits postponement of payment to protect Kansas City Life's Contract Owners.

In addition, if, pursuant to SEC rules, the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II suspends payment of redemption proceeds in connection with a liquidation of the Fund, we will delay payment of any transfer, partial surrender, surrender, loan, or death benefit from the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount until the Fund is liquidated.

If you have submitted a recent check or draft, we have the right to defer payment of partial surrenders, surrenders, Death Proceeds, or payments under a payment option until such check or draft has been honored. We also reserve the right to defer payment of transfers, partial surrenders, surrenders, loans or Death Proceeds from the Fixed Account for up to six months. If payment from the Fixed Account is not made within 30 days after receipt of documentation necessary to complete the transaction (or such shorter period required by a particular jurisdiction), we will add interest to the amount paid from the date of receipt of documentation. The annual rate of interest never will be less than the rate required by the state in which your Contract was delivered.

If mandated under applicable law, we may be required to block an Owner's account and thereby refuse to pay any request for transfers, surrenders, loans of Death Proceeds, until instructions are received from the appropriate regulator. We also may be required to provide additional information about you or your account to government regulators.

If payment is not made within 30 days after receipt of all documents required for such a payment, we will add interest to the amount paid from the date of receipt of all required documents at 4% or such higher rate required for a particular state.

Legacy Account. As described below, Kansas City Life will pay Death Proceeds through Kansas City Life's Legacy Accounts. For each claim, which meets the criteria listed below, Kansas City Life will set up a Legacy Account. Kansas City Life will forward a Legacy Account checkbook to the Owner or Beneficiary. The individual Legacy Accounts are managed by a third party administrator and the checks are drawn on a bank separate from the Kansas City Life general account. The Legacy Accounts pay interest and provide check-writing privileges, which are funded by Kansas City Life. An Owner or Beneficiary (whichever applicable) has immediate and full access to Proceeds by writing a check on the account. Kansas City Life pays interest on Death Proceeds from the date of death to the date the Legacy Account is closed, and holds reserves to fund disbursements. However, the Legacy Account will be currently taxable to the Owner or Beneficiary in the year in which it is credited. Kansas City Life may profit from amounts left in a Legacy Account. Further, the Legacy Accounts are retained asset accounts and are not bank accounts and are not insured, nor guaranteed, by the FDIC or any other government agency.

Kansas City Life will pay Death Proceeds through the Legacy Account when:

- the Proceeds are paid to an individual; and
- the amount of Proceeds is \$5,000 or more; and
- the treatment is acceptable in the state in which the claim is made.

Any other use of the Legacy Account requires approval of the Company.

UNCLAIMED PROPERTY LAWS

Every state has unclaimed property laws which generally declare a life contract to be abandoned after a period of inactivity of three to five years from its limiting age or date the death benefit is due and payable. For example, if we are obligated to pay the death benefit or return premiums, but, if after a thorough search, we are unable to locate the beneficiary, or the beneficiary does not come forward to claim the death benefit or the premiums in a timely manner, the death benefit or the premiums will be paid to the abandoned property division or unclaimed property office of the state in which the beneficiary or the policy owner last resided, as shown on our books and records, or to our state of domicile. This "escheatment" is revocable, however, and the state is obligated to pay the death benefit and the premiums (without interest) if your beneficiary steps forward to claim it within the time required by the state with the proper documentation. To prevent such escheatment, it is important that you update your Beneficiary designations, including addresses, if and as they change. Please call 800-616-3670 to make such changes.

REINSTATEMENT OF CONTRACT

If your Contract lapses, you may reinstate it within two years (three years in Arkansas, Kentucky, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Oklahoma, Utah, Virginia, and West Virginia; five years in Missouri and North Carolina) after lapse. This reinstatement must meet certain conditions, including the payment of the required Premium and proof of insurability. See your Contract for further information.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

INTRODUCTION

The following summary provides a general description of the Federal income tax considerations associated with the Contract and does not purport to be complete or to cover all tax situations. This discussion is not intended as tax advice. You should consult counsel or other competent tax advisers for more complete information. This discussion is based upon our understanding of the present Federal income tax laws. We make no representation as to the likelihood of continuation of the present Federal income tax laws or as to how they may be interpreted by the Internal Revenue Service.

TAX STATUS OF THE CONTRACT

In order to qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes and to receive the tax treatment normally accorded life insurance contracts under Federal tax law, a Contract must satisfy certain requirements which are set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. Guidance as to how these requirements are to be applied to Contracts insuring the lives of two or more individuals is limited. Nevertheless, we believe it is reasonable to conclude that the Contracts should satisfy the applicable requirements. There is necessarily some uncertainty, however, particularly if you pay the full amount of Premiums permitted under the Contract. If it is subsequently determined that a Contract does not satisfy the applicable requirements, we may take appropriate steps to bring the Contract into compliance with such requirements and we have the right to restrict Contract transactions as necessary in order to do so.

In some circumstances, owners of variable contracts who retain excessive control over the investment of the underlying separate account assets may be treated as the owners of those assets and may be subject to tax currently on income and gains produced by those assets. Although published guidance does not address certain aspects of the Contracts, Kansas City Life believes that the Owner of a Contract should not be treated as the owner of the underlying assets of the Variable Account. Kansas City Life reserves the right to modify the Contracts to bring them into conformity with applicable standards should such modification be necessary to prevent owners of the Contracts from being treated as the owners of the underlying assets of the Variable Account.

In addition, the Code requires that the investments of each of the Subaccounts must be "adequately diversified" in order for the Contract to be treated as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes. It is intended that the Subaccounts, through the Portfolios, will satisfy these diversification requirements.

The following discussion assumes that the Contract will qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes.

TAX TREATMENT OF CONTRACT BENEFITS

In General. We believe that the death benefit under a Contract should be excludable from the gross income of the Beneficiary. Federal, state and local transfer, and other tax consequences of ownership or receipt of Contract Proceeds depend on the circumstances of each Contract Owner or Beneficiary. A tax advisor should be consulted on these consequences.

Generally, the Owner will not be deemed to be in constructive receipt of the Contract Value until there is a distribution. When distributions from a Contract occur, or when loans are taken out from or secured by a Contract, the tax consequences depend on whether the Contract is classified as a "Modified Endowment Contract".

Modified Endowment Contracts. Under the Internal Revenue Code, certain life insurance contracts are classified as "Modified Endowment Contracts," with less favorable tax treatment than other life insurance contracts. Due to the flexibility of the Contracts as to Premiums and benefits, the individual circumstances of each Contract will determine whether it is classified as a MEC. In general a Contract will be classified as a MEC if the amount of Premiums paid into the Contract causes the Contract to fail the "7-Pay Test." A Contract will fail the 7-Pay Test if at any time in the first seven Contract years, the amount paid in the Contract exceeds the sum of the level Premiums that would have been paid at that point under a Contract that provided for paid-up future benefits after the payment of seven level annual payments. In addition, a Contract received in a tax-free exchange for another life insurance contract that was a Modified Endowment Contract.

If there is a reduction in the benefits under the Contract during the first seven Contract years, for example, as a result of a partial surrender, the 7-Pay Test will have to be reapplied as if the Contract had originally been issued at the reduced face amount. If there is a "material change" in the Contract's benefits or other terms, even after the first seven Contract years, the Contract may have to be retested as if it were a newly issued Contract. A material change may occur, for example, when there is an increase in the death benefit which is due to the payment of an unnecessary Premium. Unnecessary Premiums are Premiums paid into the Contract which are not needed in order to provide a death benefit equal to the lowest death benefit that was payable in the first seven Contract years. To prevent your Contract from becoming a MEC, it may be necessary to limit Premium Payments or to limit reductions in benefits. A current or prospective Contract Owner should consult a tax advisor to determine whether a Contract transaction will cause the Contract to be classified as a MEC.

Distributions (Other Than Death Benefits) from Modified Endowment Contracts. Contracts classified as Modified Endowment Contracts are subject to the following tax rules:

- All distributions other than death benefits, including distributions upon surrender and withdrawals, from a Modified Endowment Contract will be treated first as distributions of gain taxable as ordinary income and as tax-free recovery of the Owner's investment in the Contract only after all gain has been distributed.
- Loans taken from or secured by a Contract classified as a Modified Endowment Contract are treated as distributions and taxed accordingly.
- A 10 percent additional income tax is imposed on the amount subject to tax except where the distribution or loan is made when the Owner has attained Age 59½ or is disabled, or where the distribution is part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments for the life (or life expectancy) of the Owner or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the Owner and the Owner's Beneficiary or designated Beneficiary.

If the Contract becomes a Modified Endowment Contract, distributions that occur during the Contract year will be taxed as distributions from a Modified Endowment Contract. In addition, distributions from a Contract within two years before it becomes a Modified Endowment Contract may be taxed in this manner. This means that a distribution made from a Contract that is not a modified endowment contract could later become taxable as a distribution from a modified endowment contract.

Distributions (Other Than Death Benefits) From Contracts That Are Not Modified Endowment Contracts. Distributions (other than death benefits) from a Contract that is not classified as a Modified Endowment Contract are generally treated first as a recovery of the Owner's investment in the Contract and only after the recovery of all investment in the Contract as taxable income. However, certain distributions which must be made in order to enable the Contract to continue to qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes if Contract benefits are reduced during the first 15 Contract years may be treated in whole or in part as ordinary income subject to tax.

Loans from or secured by a Contract that is not a Modified Endowment Contract are generally not treated as distributions. However, the tax consequences associated with preferred loans are less clear and you should consult a tax adviser about such loans.

Finally, neither distributions from nor loans from or secured by a Contract that is not a Modified Endowment Contract are subject to the 10 percent additional income tax.

Investment in the Contract. Your investment in the Contract is generally your aggregate Premiums. When a distribution is taken from the Contract, your investment in the Contract is reduced by the amount of the distribution that is tax-free.

Contract Loans. In general, interest on a Contract loan will not be deductible. If a Contract loan is outstanding when a Contract is canceled or lapses, the amount of the outstanding Loan Balance will be added to the amount distributed and will be taxed accordingly. Before taking out a Contract loan, you should consult a tax adviser as to the tax consequences.

Withholding. To the extent that Contract distributions are taxable, they are generally subject to withholding for the recipient's federal tax liability. Recipients can generally elect, however, not to have tax withheld from distributions.

Life Insurance Purchases by Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Corporations. The discussion above provides general information regarding U.S. federal income tax consequences to life insurance purchasers that are U.S. citizens or residents. Purchasers that are not U.S. citizens or residents will generally be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax on taxable distributions from life insurance policies at a 30% rate, unless a lower treaty rate applies. In addition, such purchasers may be subject to state and/or municipal taxes and taxes that may be imposed by the purchaser's country of citizenship or residence. Additional withholding may occur with respect to entity purchasers (including foreign corporations, partnerships, and trusts) that are not U.S. residents. Prospective purchasers are advised to consult with a qualified tax adviser regarding U.S. state, and foreign taxation with respect to a life insurance policy purchase.

Life Insurance Purchases by Residents of Puerto Rico. In Rev. Rul. 2004-75, 2004-31 I.R.B. 109, the Internal Revenue Service announced that income received by residents of Puerto Rico under life insurance or annuity contracts issued by a Puerto Rico branch of a United States life insurance company is U.S.-source income that is generally subject to United States Federal income tax.

Multiple Contracts. All Modified Endowment Contracts that are issued by Kansas City Life (or its affiliates) to the same Owner during any calendar year are treated as one Modified Endowment Contract for purposes of determining the amount includable in the Owner's income when a taxable distribution occurs.

Continuation of the Contract Beyond Age 100. The tax consequences of continuing the Contract beyond the younger Insured's 100th year are unclear. You should consult a tax adviser if you intend to keep the Contract in force beyond the younger Insured's 100th year.

Business Uses of the Contracts. The Contracts can be used in various arrangements, including nonqualified deferred compensation or salary continuance plans, split dollar insurance plans, executive bonus plans, tax exempt and nonexempt welfare benefit plans, retiree medical benefit plans and others. The tax consequences of such arrangements may vary depending on the particular facts and circumstances. If you are purchasing the Contract for any arrangement the value of which depends in part on its tax consequences, you should consult a qualified tax adviser. Moreover, Congress has over the years adopted new rules relating to life insurance owned by businesses. Any business contemplating the purchase of a new Contract or a change in an existing Contract should consult a tax adviser.

Employer-owned Life Insurance Contracts. Pursuant to section 101(j) of the Code, unless certain eligibility, notice and consent requirements are satisfied, the amount excludible as a death benefit payment under an employer-owned life insurance contract will generally be limited to the Premiums paid for such contract (although certain exceptions may apply in specific circumstances). An employer-owned life insurance contract is a life insurance contract owned by an employer that insures an employee of the employer and where the employer is a direct or indirect Beneficiary under such contract. It is the employer's responsibility to verify the eligibility of the intended insured under employer-owned life insurance contracts and to provide the notices and obtain the consents required by section 101(j). These requirements generally apply to employer-owned life insurance contracts issued or materially modified after August 17, 2006. A tax adviser should be consulted by anyone considering the purchase or modification of an employer-owned life insurance contract.

Non-Individual Owners and Business Beneficiaries of Contracts. If a Contract is owned or held by a corporation, trust or other non-natural person, this could jeopardize some (or all) of such entity's interest deduction under Code section 264, even where such entity's indebtedness is in no way connected to the Contract. In addition, under section 264(f)(5), if a business (other than a sole proprietorship) is directly or indirectly a Beneficiary of a Contract, this Contract could be treated as held by the business for purposes of the section 264(f) entity-holder rules. Therefore, it would be advisable to consult with a qualified tax advisor before any non-natural person is made an Owner or holder of a Contract, or before a business (other than a sole proprietorship) is made a Beneficiary of a Contract.

Contract Split Option. The Contract split option rider permits a Contract to split into two individual Contracts. It is not clear whether exercising the Contract split rider will be treated as a taxable transaction or whether the individual Contracts that result would be classified as Modified Endowment Contracts. A tax advisor should be consulted before exercising the Contract Split Option.

Split-Dollar Arrangements. The IRS and the Treasury Department have issued guidance that substantially affects split-dollar arrangements. Consult a qualified tax adviser before entering into or paying additional Premiums with respect to such arrangements.

Additionally, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Act"), prohibits, with limited exceptions, publicly-traded companies, including non-U.S. companies that have securities listed on exchanges in the United States, from extending, directly or through a subsidiary, many types of personal loans to their directors or executive officers. It is possible that this prohibition may be interpreted as applying to split-dollar life insurance policies for directors and executive officers of such companies, since such insurance arguably can be viewed as involving a loan from the employer for at least some purposes.

Although the prohibition on loans is generally effective as of July 30, 2002, there is an exception for loans outstanding as of the date of enactment, so long as there is no material modification to the loan terms and the loan is not renewed after July 30, 2002. Any affected business contemplating the payment of a Premium on an existing Contract, or the purchase of a new Contract, in connection with a split-dollar life insurance arrangement should consult legal counsel.

Tax Shelter Regulations. Prospective owners that are corporations should consult a tax advisor about the treatment of the Contract under the Treasury Regulations applicable to corporate tax shelters.

Estate, Gift and Generation-Skipping Transfer Taxes. The transfer of the Contract or designation of a Beneficiary may have federal, state, and/or local transfer and inheritance tax consequences, including the imposition of gift, estate, and generation-skipping transfer taxes. For example, when the Insured dies, the Death Proceeds will generally be includable in the Owner's estate for purposes of federal estate tax if the Insured owned the Contract. If the Owner was not the Insured, the fair market value of the Contract would be included in the Owner's estate upon the Owner's death. The Contract would not be includable in the Insured's estate if the Insured neither retained incidents of ownership at death nor had given up ownership within three years before death.

Moreover, under certain circumstances, the Code may impose a "generation skipping transfer tax" when all or part of a life insurance Contract is transferred to, or a death benefit is paid to, an individual two or more generations younger than the Owner. Regulations issued under the Code may require us to deduct the tax from your Contract, or from any applicable payment, and pay it directly to the IRS.

Qualified tax advisers should be consulted concerning the estate and gift tax consequences of Contract ownership and distributions under federal, state and local law. The individual situation of each Owner or Beneficiary will determine the extent, if any, to which federal, state, and local transfer and inheritance taxes may be imposed and how ownership or receipt of Contract Proceeds will be treated for purposes of federal, state and local estate, inheritance, generation skipping and other taxes.

The potential application of these taxes underscores the importance of seeking guidance from a qualified adviser to help ensure that your estate plan adequately addresses your needs and those of your beneficiaries under all possible scenarios.

Medicare Tax on Investment Income. A 3.8% tax may be applied to some or all of the taxable portion of some distributions from life insurance contracts (such as payments under certain settlement options) to individuals whose income exceeds certain threshold amounts (\$200,000 for filing single, \$250,000 for married filing jointly and \$125,000 for married filing separately.) Please consult a tax advisor for more information.

Foreign Tax Credits. We may benefit from any foreign tax credits attributable to taxes paid by certain funds to foreign jurisdictions to the extent permitted under federal tax law.

OUR INCOME TAXES

Under current Federal income tax law, we are not taxed on the Separate Account's operations. Thus, currently we do not deduct a charge from the Separate Account for Federal income taxes. We reserve the right to charge the Separate Account for any future Federal income taxes we may incur.

Under current laws in several states, we may incur state and local taxes (in addition to premium taxes). These taxes are not now significant and we are not currently charging for them. If they increase, we may deduct charges for such taxes.

POSSIBLE TAX LAW CHANGES

Although the likelihood of legislative changes is uncertain, there is always the possibility that the tax treatment of the Contract could change by legislation or otherwise. Consult a tax adviser with respect to legislative developments and their effect on the Contract.

OTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE CONTRACTS AND KANSAS CITY LIFE

SALE OF THE CONTRACTS

We have entered into a Distribution Agreement with our affiliate, Sunset Financial Services, Inc., for the distribution and sale of the Contracts. Sunset Financial will enter into selling agreements with other broker-dealers ("selling firms") that in turn may sell the Contracts through their registered representatives. We pay commissions to selling firms for the sale of the Contracts by registered representatives as well as selling firms. The maximum commissions payable for sales are: 120% of Premiums up to one target Premium and 3% of Premiums above that amount paid in the first Contract Year; 3% of target Premium in Contract Years 2 through 7; and 0% of target Premium paid in Contract Years thereafter. There is an asset based trail commissions paid to such selling firms do not exceed the amounts described above. Additional amounts may be paid in certain circumstances. For Premiums received following an increase in Specified Amount, commission rates described above. We also pay commissions for substandard risk and rider Premiums based on our rules at the time of payment.

We and/or Sunset Financial may pay certain selling firms additional amounts for: (1) "preferred product" treatment of the Contracts in their marketing programs, which may include marketing services and increased access to their registered representatives; (2) sales promotions relating to the Contracts; (3) costs associated with sales conferences and educational seminars for their registered representatives; and (4) other sales expenses incurred by them. We and/or Sunset Financial may make bonus payments to certain selling firms based on aggregate sales of our variable insurance contracts (including the Contract). These additional payments are not offered to all selling firms, and the terms of any particular agreement governing the payments may vary among selling firms.

Under the Distribution Agreement with Sunset Financial, we pay the following sales expenses: deferred compensation and insurance benefits of registered persons of Sunset Financial; advertising expenses; and all other expenses of distributing the Contracts. We also pay for Sunset Financial's operating and other expenses. Because they are also appointed insurance agents of Kansas City Life, some registered representatives may receive other payments from Kansas City Life for services that do not directly involve the sale of the Contracts, including payments made for the recruitment and training of personnel, production of promotional literature, and similar services.

Other selling firms may share commissions and additional amounts received for sales of the Contracts with their registered representatives in accordance with their programs for compensating registered representatives. Ask your registered representative for further information about what your registered representative and the selling firm for which he or she works may receive in connection with your purchase of a Contract.

American Century Variable Portfolios II, Inc., American Funds Insurance Series[®], Columbia Funds Variable Series Trust II, Federated Hermes Insurance Series, Fidelity[®] Variable Insurance Products, Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust, and Northern Lights Variable Trust each have adopted a Distribution Plan in connection with its 12b-1 shares, and each, under its respective agreement with Sunset Financial, currently pays Sunset Financial fees in consideration of distribution services provided and expenses incurred in the performance of Sunset Financial's obligations under such agreements. All or some of these payments may be passed on to selling firms that have entered into a selling agreement with Sunset Financial. The Distribution Plans have been adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which allows funds to pay fees to those who sell and distribute fund shares out of fund assets. Under the Distribution Plan, fees ranging up to 0.25% of Variable Account assets invested in the Funds are paid to Sunset Financial for its distribution-related services and expenses under such agreement.

Commissions and other incentives or payment described above are not charged directly to Contract Owners or the Variable Account. However, commissions and other incentives or payments described above are reflected in the fees and charges that Contract Owners do pay directly or indirectly.

TELEPHONE, FACSIMILE, ELECTRONIC MAIL AND INTERNET AUTHORIZATIONS

You may request the following transactions by telephone, facsimile, electronic mail or via the Kansas City Life website, if you provided proper authorization to us:

- transfer of Contract Value;
- change in premium allocation;
- change in dollar cost averaging;
- change in portfolio rebalancing; or
- Contract loan.

In addition, you may make a partial surrender request by telephone if you provided proper authorization to us.

We may suspend these privileges at any time if we decide that such suspension is in the best interests of Contract Owners.

We accept Written Requests transmitted by facsimile, but reserve the right to require you to send us the original Written Request.

Electronic mail requests that are received at customerservice@kclife.com before 3:00 p.m. Central Time on a Valuation Day will be processed on that Valuation Day. If we receive a request after the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading (currently, 3:00 p.m. Central Time), we will process the order using the Subaccount Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of the next regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange. If an incomplete request is received, we will notify you as soon as possible by return e-mail. Your request will be honored as of the Valuation Day when all required information is received.

Requests can also be made by accessing your account on the Internet at http://www.kclife.com. Requests received before 3:00 p.m. Central Time on a Valuation Day will be processed on that Valuation Day. If we receive a request after the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading, we will process the order using the Subaccount accumulation unit value determined at the close of the next regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange. If any of the fields are left incomplete, the request will not be processed and you will receive an error message. Your request will be honored as of the Valuation Day when all required information is received. You will receive a confirmation in the mail of the changes made within five days of your request.

We will employ reasonable procedures to confirm that instructions communicated to us by telephone, facsimile, or email are genuine. If we follow those procedures, we will not be liable for any losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions.

The procedures we will follow for telephone privileges include requiring some form of personal identification prior to acting on instructions received by telephone, providing written confirmation of the transaction, and making a tape recording of the instructions given by telephone. The procedures we will follow for facsimile and email communications include verification of Contract number, social security number and date of birth.

Telephone, facsimile, electronic mail systems and the website may not always be available. Any telephone, facsimile, electronic mail system or Internet connection, whether it is yours, your service provider's, your registered representative's, or ours, can experience outages or slowdowns for a variety of reasons. These outages may delay or prevent our processing of your request. Although we have taken precautions to help our systems handle heavy use, we cannot promise complete reliability under all circumstances. If you are experiencing problems, you should make your request by writing to our Home Office.

LITIGATION

The life insurance industry, including Kansas City Life, has been subject to an increase in litigation in recent years. Such litigation has been pursued on behalf of purported classes of policyholders and other claims and legal actions in jurisdictions where juries often award punitive damages, which are grossly disproportionate to actual damages.

Although no assurances can be given and no determinations can be made at this time, management believes that the ultimate liability, if any, with respect to these claims and actions, is not likely to have a material adverse effect on the Variable Account or the ability of the Company to meet its obligations under the Contract.

CYBER SECURITY AND BUSINESS CONTINUITY RISKS

We rely heavily on interconnected computer systems and digital data to conduct our variable product business activities. Because our variable product business is highly dependent upon the effective operation of our computer systems and those of our business partners, our business is vulnerable to disruptions from utility outages, and susceptible to operational and information security risks resulting from information systems failure (e.g., hardware and software malfunctions), and cyber-attacks. These risks include, among other things, the theft, misuse, corruption and destruction

of data maintained online or digitally, interference with or denial of service, attacks on websites and other operational disruption and unauthorized release of confidential customer information. Such systems failures and cyber-attacks affecting us, any third party administrator, the underlying funds, intermediaries and other affiliated or third-party service providers may adversely affect us and your Contract Value. For instance, systems failures and cyber-attacks may interfere with our processing of contract transactions, including the processing of orders from our website or with the underlying funds, impact our ability to calculate Accumulation Unit values, cause the release and possible destruction of confidential customer or business information, impede order processing, subject us and/or our service providers and intermediaries to regulatory fines and financial losses and/or cause reputational damage. Cyber security risks may also impact the issuers of securities in which the underlying funds invest, which may cause the funds underlying your Contract to lose value. There can be no assurance that we or the underlying funds or our service providers will avoid losses affecting your Contract due to cyber-attacks or information security breaches in the future.

We are also exposed to risks related to natural and man-made disasters and catastrophes, such as storms, fires, earthquakes, epidemics and terrorist acts, which could adversely affect our ability to administer the Contracts. Natural and man-made disasters, such as the recent spread of COVID-19, may require a significant contingent of our employees to work from remote locations. During these periods, we could experience decreased productivity, and a significant number of our workforce or certain key personnel may be unable to fulfill their duties. In addition, system outages could impair our ability to operate effectively by preventing the workforce from working remotely and impair our ability to process Contract-related transactions or to calculate Contract values.

The Company outsources certain critical business functions to third parties and, in the event of a natural or man-made disaster, relies upon the successful implementation and execution of the business continuity planning of such entities. While the Company closely monitors the business continuity activities of these third parties, successful implementation and execution of their business continuity strategies are largely beyond the Company's control. If one or more of the third parties to whom the Company outsources such critical business functions experience operational failures, the Company's ability to administer the Contract could be impaired.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS NOTIFICATION

To protect you from fraud and theft, Kansas City Life may verify any changes you request by sending a confirmation of the change to both your old and new addresses. Kansas City Life may also call you to verify the change of address.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Kansas City Life's financial statements and the financial statements for the Variable Account are included in the Statement of Additional Information.

Kansas City Life's financial statements should be distinguished from financial statements of the Variable Account. You should consider Kansas City Life's financial statements only as an indication of Kansas City Life's ability to meet its obligations under the Contracts. Please note that in addition to Fixed Account allocations, general account assets are used to guarantee the payment of living and death benefits under the Contracts. To the extent that Kansas City Life is required to pay you amounts in addition to your Contract Value under these benefits, such amounts will come from general account assets. You should be aware that Kansas City Life's invested assets, primarily including fixed income securities, are subject to customary risks of credit defaults and changes in fair value. Factors that may affect the overall default rate on and fair value of Kansas City Life's invested assets include interest rate levels and changes, availability and cost of liquidity, financial market performance, and general economic conditions, as well as particular circumstances affecting the businesses of individual borrowers and tenants. Kansas City Life's financial statements include a further discussion of risks inherent within general account investments. However, you should not consider Kansas City Life's financial statements as having an effect on the investment performance of the assets held in the Variable Account.

DEFINITIONS

Accumulation Unit	An accounting unit used to measure the net investment results of each of the Subaccounts.
Additional Insurance Amount	The amount of insurance coverage under the Contract which is not part of the Specified Amount. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if elected, does not guarantee the Additional Insurance Amount.
Age	The Age of each Insured on their last birthday as of each Contract Anniversary. The Contract is issued at the Age shown in the Contract.
Allocation Date	The date we apply the initial Premium to your Contract. We allocate this Premium to the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount where it remains until the Reallocation Date. The Allocation Date is the later of the date we approve your application or the date we receive the initial Premium at our Home Office.
Beneficiary	The person you have designated to receive any Proceeds payable at the death of the last surviving Insured.
Cash Surrender Value	The Contract Value less any applicable surrender charge and any Loan Balance.
Contract Anniversary	The same day and month as the Contract Date each year that the Contract remains in force.
Contract Date	The date on which coverage takes effect. Contract Months, Years and Anniversaries are measured from the Contract Date.
Contract Value	Measure of the value in your Contract. It is the sum of the Variable Account Value and the Fixed Account Value which includes the Loan Account Value.
Contract Year	Any period of twelve months starting with the Contract Date or any Contract Anniversary.
Corridor Death Benefit	A death benefit under the Contract designed to ensure that in certain situations the Contract will not be disqualified as a life insurance contract under section 7702 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The Corridor Death Benefit is calculated by multiplying the Contract Value by the applicable corridor percentage.
Coverage Options	Death benefit options available which affect the calculation of the death benefit. Three Coverage Options (A, B or L) are available.
Death Proceeds	The amount of Proceeds payable upon the death of the last surviving Insured.
Fixed Account Value	Measure of value accumulating in the Fixed Account.
Grace Period	A 61-day period we provide when there is insufficient value in your Contract and at the end of which the Contract will terminate unless you pay sufficient additional Premium. This period of time gives you the chance to pay enough Premiums to keep your Contract in force.
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option	An optional benefit, available only at issue of the Contract. If elected, it guarantees payment of the Specified Amount less the Loan Balance and any past due charges upon the death of the last surviving Insured, provided you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement.

Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium	The amount we require to guarantee that the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option remains in effect.
Guaranteed Monthly Premium	A Premium amount which when paid guarantees that your Contract will not lapse during the Guaranteed Payment Period.
Guaranteed Payment Period	The period of time during which we guarantee that your Contract will not lapse if you pay the Guaranteed Monthly Premiums.
Home Office	When the term "Home Office" is used in this prospectus in connection with transactions under the Contract, it means our Variable Administration office. Transaction requests and other types of Written Notices should be sent to P.O. Box 219364, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9364. The telephone number at our Variable Administration office is 800-616-3670.
Insureds	The two persons whose lives we insure under the Contract.
Loan Account	The Loan Account is used to track loan amounts and accrued interest on the loan. It is part of the Fixed Account.
Loan Account Value	Measure of the amount of Contract Value assigned to the Loan Account.
Loan Balance	The sum of all outstanding Contract loans plus accrued interest.
Maturity Date	The date when death benefit coverage terminates and we pay you any Cash Surrender Value.
Monthly Anniversary Day	The day of each month as of which we make the Monthly Deduction. It is the same day of each month as the Contract Date, or the last day of the month for those months not having such a day.
Monthly Deduction	The amount we deduct from the Contract Value to pay the cost of insurance charge, monthly expense charges, any applicable Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option charge, and any charges for optional benefits and/or riders. We make the Monthly Deduction as of each Monthly Anniversary Day.
Net Investment Factor	An index used to measure Subaccount performance.
Owner, You, Your	The person entitled to exercise all rights and privileges of the Contract.
Planned Premiums	The amount and frequency of Premiums you chose to pay in your last instructions to us. This is the amount we will bill you. It is only an indication of your preferences of future Premiums.
Premium Expense Charges	The amounts we deduct from each Premium which include the Sales Charge and the Premium Tax Charge.
Premium(s)/Premium Payment(s)	The amount you pay to purchase the Contract. It includes both Planned Premiums and Unscheduled Premiums.
Proceeds	The total amount we are obligated to pay.
Reallocation Date	The date as of which the Contract Value we initially allocated to the Federated Hermes Government Money Fund II Subaccount on the Allocation Date is re-allocated to the Subaccounts and/or to the Fixed Account. We re-allocate the Contract Value based on the premium allocation percentages you specify in the application. The Reallocation Date is 30 days after the Allocation Date.

Specified Amount The Total Sum Insured less any Additional Insurance Amount provided under the Contract.

Subaccounts The divisions of the Variable Account. The assets of each Subaccount are invested in a corresponding portfolio of a designated mutual fund.

Subaccount Value Measure of the value in a particular Subaccount.

Total Sum Insured The sum of the Specified Amount and any Additional Insurance Amount provided under the Contract. This amount does not include any additional benefits provided by riders.

Unscheduled Premium Any Premium other than a Planned Premium.

- Valuation Day Each day the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Currently the New York Stock Exchange is closed on the following holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. The New York Stock Exchange and Kansas City Life recognize holidays that fall on a Saturday on the previous Friday. Kansas City Life will recognize holidays that fall on a Sunday on the following Monday.
- Valuation Period The interval of time beginning at the close of normal trading on the New York Stock Exchange on one Valuation Day and ending at the close of normal trading on the New York Stock Exchange on the next Valuation Day. Currently, the close of normal trading is at 3 p.m. Central Time. The term "Valuation Period" is used in this prospectus to specify, among other things, when a transaction order or request is deemed to be received by us at our Variable Administration office.
- Variable Account Value The Variable Account Value is equal to the sum of all Subaccount Values of a Contract.
- We, Our, Us, Kansas City Life Kansas City Life Insurance Company
- Written Notice/Written Request A Written Notice or Written Request in a form satisfactory to us that is signed by the Owner and received at the Home Office. Under certain circumstances as described in this Prospectus, Written Notice/Written Request may be satisfied by telephone, facsimile, electronic mail and Internet.

APPENDIX A

Surrender Charge Percentages of Initial Surrender Charge Factor

Surrender Charge Percentages of Initial Surrender Charge Factors End of Contract Year Do not grade between Years 10-11

Year	Percentage
1	100%
2	87%
3	79%
4	70%
5	60%
6	50%
7	40%
8	30%
9	20%
10	10%
11+	0%

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The Statement of Additional Information contains additional information about the Variable Account and Kansas City Life, including more information concerning compensation paid for the sale of Contracts. To learn more about the Contract, you should read the Statement of Additional Information dated the same date as this Prospectus. You may obtain a copy of the Statement of Additional Information, personalized illustrations of death benefits, net cash surrender values and cash values, without charge, by calling 1-800-616-3670 or by writing to us at Kansas City Life Insurance Company, 3520 Broadway, P.O. Box 219364, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9364.

The Statement of Additional Information has been filed with the SEC and is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and is legally a part of this Prospectus. The SEC maintains an Internet website (http://www.sec.gov) that contains the Statement of Additional Information and other information about us and the Contract.

Investment Company Act of 1940 Registration File No. 811-09080